# RESOLUTIONS of the 25th ZIONIST CONGRESS

with

A Summary of the Proceedings and the Composition of the Congress

Jerusalem

December 27, 1960-January 11, 1961

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PUBLISHED BY THE ORGANIZATION DEPARTMENT
OF THE ZIONIST EXECUTIVE

THE AMERICAN JEWISH COMMITTEE

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#### I. SUMMARY OF PROCEEDINGS

The 25th Zionist Congress convened in Jerusalem from December 27, 1960, to January 11, 1961. Like the 23rd and 24th Congresses it was held in the National Conventions Building.

The ceremonial Inaugural Session was held on Tuesday, December 27, 1960, at 8.45 in the evening in the presence of a large and distinguished gathering, numbering more than three thousand, and including the President, the Prime Minister, Cabinet Ministers, the Acting Chairman of the Zionist General Council, the Speaker and Deputy-Speakers of the Knesset, the Chief Justice and Judges of the Supreme Court, Rabbi Yitzchak Nissim, the Mayor and City Councillors of Jerusalem, and veteran members of the Zionist Movement. Dr. Nachum Goldmann, President of the World Zionist Organization, presided.

Dr. Goldmann welcomed the delegates and visitors—including members of the Diplomatic Corps, representatives of the various Jewish organizations and communities, attending Congress as associate members, and also members of the Press. Dr. Goldmann recalled that the Herzl Centennial Year was just coming to its close.

Mr. Itzhak Ben-Zvi, President of the State, in welcoming the delegates and visitors, declared that it was a national duty for all Jews still resident in the Golah to take part personally in aliya to Israel.

Rabbi Yitzchak Nissim and the Mayor of Jerusalem also spoke.

Dr. Nachum Goldmann then addressed Congress on the theme "The Jewish People, the State of Israel and the Zionist Movement."

Dr. Goldmann then reviewed the problems confronting the State and the problems of the Jewish people in the Diaspora.

The Inaugural Session was closed by Mr. Zalman Shazar. The choir and audience sang Hatikvah.

The Second Session was held on the following day (December 28), Dr. Goldmann presiding. Adv. Krongold, President of the Congress Court, reported on the work of the Court, on the elections to Congress and the election results.

In keeping with the proposal put forward by Mr. Berl Locker, Acting Chairman of the Zionist General Council, Congress elected the following as members of the Presidium:

#### Presidents:

#### Dr. Nachum Goldmann

Mr. Moshe Sharett

# Members of the Presidium:

Mr. Jacob Amit Mrs. Lola Kramarsky Mr. Roberto Aron Mr. Berl Locker Mr. Peretz Bernstein Mrs. Clara Leff Mr. Max Bressler Mrs. Zivia Loubetkin Dr. Raphael Mahler Prof. André Chouraqui Dr. Benno Cohen Mrs. Golda Meir Dr. Miriam K. Freund Mr. Anselm Reiss Mr. Leo Gelman Dr. Joseph B. Schechtman

Dr. Isaac Goldenberg
Mr. Edel Horowitz
Sir Barnett Janner
Mr. Joseph Klarman

Mr. Joseph Klarman Rabbi S. M. Zambrowsky Mr. Yaacov Zerubavel

Honorary Members of the Presidium:

Dr. Haim Boger Mr. Yitzchak Gruenbaum Mr. Joseph Baratz Rabbi Y. L. Maimon

The Prime Minister, Mr. David Ben-Gurion, addressed the Second Session on "The People and the State." "The existence of the State of Israel and the existence of Jewry in the Golah are mutually dependent and conditioned," the Prime Minister stated in his opening remarks. "They depend upon two factors—increasing aliya—both pioneering and constructive—and the Jewish education of the younger generation in the Golah in order to intensify its personal attachment to both Judaism and to Israel."

The debate on the content and direction of the Zionist Movement commenced during the Third Session (December 28, in the afternoon). The session was opened by the speeches of Executive Members, Mrs. Rose Halprin, Mr. Yaacov Zur, Rabbi M. Kirshblum, Dr. Emanuel Neumann, Mr. Louis Segal and Mr. Meir Grossman.

At this Session Congress elected the Steering Committee as follows: Meir Argov (Chairman);

Zev Baumgold, Isaac Goldenberg, Joseph Israeli, Dr. S. Levenberg, Yitzchak Korn (Dr. S. Feder, L. Kronitz, Zwi Lewin—alternates)—Ihud Olami;

Melech Topiol, L. Freiman, Rebecca Shulman, Ezra Shapiro—General Zionists Goldstein-Halprin;

Jacques Orfus, Jacques Torczyner, Joseph Serlin—General Zionists Neumann;

Rabbi Y. Elinson, B. Bazak, Rabbi B. Bergmann (A. Handler, Moshe Krone—alternates)—Mizrachi-Hapoel Hamizrachi;

Dr. Y. Bader, Harry Levy, Eliezer Shustak--Herut-Hatzohar;

Reuven Arzi, Shlomo Rozen—Mapam;

Yoseph Bankover, David Tabacznik (Chaim Finkelstein, Zeev Shapiro—alternates)—Ahdut Ha'Avoda;

Yitzhak Golan—Progressives;

Mrs. Fay Grove-Pollak-Wizo.

The Fourth Session (December 28, in the evening) was devoted partly to the memory of the late Joseph Sprinzak, Chairman of the Zionist General Council, who had served as President of the 24th Zionist Congress. The memorial address was delivered by Mr. Kadish Luz, Speaker of the Knesset.

The debate continued during the rest of the Fourth Session, and also the Fifth, Sixth (December 29, in the morning and afternoon, respectively), and part of the Seventh Session (December 29, in the evening).

Mrs. Golda Mesir, Minister of Foreign Affairs, addressed the Seventh Session on "The State of Israel in the International Arena." Dr. Goldmann then replied to the debate.

The Eighth Session (Friday, December 30, 1960, in the morning) on problems of immigration and absorption was addressed by Mr. S. Z. Shragai, Mr. Yehuda Braginsky, and Mr. Leon Dultzin, Members of the Executive. The debate on these subjects then began.

At this Session the following Committees were elected: Organization and Information Committee; Political Committee; Immigration and Absorption Committee; Youth Aliyah and Economic Affairs Committee; Finance and Funds Committee; Settlement Committee; Committee on Education and Culture in the Golah; Youth and Hechalutz Committee.

Speakers at the Ninth Session (Saturday, December 31, 1960, in the evening) were the following Members of the Executive: Mr. Moshe Kol—"Achievements and Plans of Youth Aliyah"; Dr. Dov Joseph—"Projects of the Zionist Movement in Israel"; Mr. Levi Eshkol (Minister of Finance)—"The State of Israel under Construction."

The debate continued during the Tenth and Eleventh Sessions (Sunday, January 1, 1961, in the morning and afternoon, respectively).

The Twelfth Session was devoted to speeches by representatives of bodies and communities participating in Congress as associate members and fraternal delegates: Federazione Giovanile Ebraica d'Italia (F.G.E.I.) (Federation of Jewish Youth); Scandinavisk-Judiska Ungdomsförbundet (S.J.U.F.) (Organization of Jewish Youth); Federacion

de Comunidades Israelitas Argentinas; Confederação dos Representativas Entidades de Coletividade Israelita do Brasil; Comité Representativo de la Colectividad Israelita de Chile; Comité Central Israelita de México; Comité Central Israelita del Uruguay; Executive Council of Australian Jewry; Canadian Jewish Congress; Board of Deputies of British Jews; Conseil Représentatif des Juifs de France (CRIF); Conseil Central des Communautés Juives de Grèce; Unione delle Comunita Israelitiche Italiane; South African Jewish Board of Deputies; Schweizerischer Israelitischer Gemeindebund; American Jewish Congress; Rabbinical Assembly—Organization of Conservative Rabbis; American Association for Jewish Education; World Jewish Congress, and the World Sephardi Federation.

Dr. Nachum Goldmann, who presided at this session, introduced the representatives of the various communities and organizations.

The Thirteenth Session of Congress (January 2, 1961, in the afternoon) was addressed by representatives of the following organizations: the Association of Communities, Italy; the Confederation of Jewish Organizations, Brazil; The Executive Committee of Australian Jewry; the Central Committee of the Jews of Uruguay; the Association of Communities, Switzerland; the Central Committee of the Jews of Mexico; the Moroccan Education Council.

Professor Binyamin Mazar, President of the Hebrew University, spoke on the achievements and problems of the University. The writer Hayyim Hazaz, on behalf of the Hebrew Writers Association, spoke on the role of the Hebrew language in the national renaissance movement and the function of Zionism in the era of Israel statehood.

The Fourteenth Session (Monday, January 2, 1961, in the evening) was addressed by the following Members of the Executive: Mr. Zvi Lurie, on the Zionist Movement in the Golah; Dr. Israel Goldstein on the Zionist Movement in the United States, and Mr. Zalman Shazar and Mr. David Beth Aryeh on Education and Culture in the Golah.

A debate on the problems of the Zionist Movement and education and culture in the Golah continued during the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Sessions (Tuesday, January 3, in the morning and afternoon). The Fifteenth Session was addressed by Mr. E. Dobkin and Mr. A. Shenkar, Members of the Executive. Mr. Abba Eban spoke on "The Purpose and Problems of Higher Education in Israel."

The Seventeenth Session (Tuesday, January 3, 1961, in the evening) was devoted to the Jubilee of Degania, mother of kvutzot. The Kibbutzim Choir rendered songs. The Session was opened by Mr. Moshe Sharett, President of Congress. Mr. Joseph Baratz spoke on behalf of Kibbutz Degania, and Mr. Kadish Luz, Speaker of the Knesset, on behalf of the Ihud Hakvutzot Vehakibbutzim. Other speakers were:

Eliezer Hacohen (Hakibbutz Ha'artzi-Hashomer Hatzair); Mr. Aharon Zisling (Hakibbutz Hameuchad); Moshe Unna, M.K. (Hakibbutz Hadati); Yitzchak Golan, M.K. (Hanoar Hazioni), and Mr. Yaacov Uri (Tnuat Hamoshavim).

At this Session the Congress endorsed the membership of the committees.

In the afternoon of January 3, the President of the State received delegates to Congress.

The Congress committees met on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday (January 4–6). During this period only one plenary session was held, the Eighteenth, on Thursday, January 5), dedicated to the centenary of the birth of Henrietta Szold, and Nahum Sokolov, and the anniversaries of leaders of the Zionist Movement.

The Ben Shemen and Mossad Aliyah Choirs and Orchestras participated in the Henrietta Szold Memorial Meeting and were introduced by Mr. Moshe Kol, Head of the Youth Aliyah Department. Mrs. Tamar de Sola Pool, a leader of the American Hadassah Movement, spoke on the personality of Henrietta Szold, and Mrs. Lola Kramarsky, President of Hadassah, presented the Szold Award to the Minister for Foreign Affairs, Mrs. Golda Meir, who spoke on the work of Henrietta Szold in this country.

Messages from the Prime Minister, Mr. David Ben-Gurion and Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt were read out at the meeting.

Dr. Nachum Goldmann spoke on Sokolov, the Zionist leader and thinker. He then congratulated the Zionist personalities marking their diverse anniversaries including Abraham Shapira, Lord Herbert Samuel, Yaacov Zerubavel, Dr. G. Herlitz, Joseph Baratz, Joseph Weitz, and Peretz Bernstein. Mr. Moshe Sharett congratulated Mr. Neta Harpaz.

The Report and draft resolutions of the Youth and Hechalutz Committee were presented by the Chairman of the Committee, Mr. B. Shamir, at the Nineteenth Session (Sunday, January 8, in the morning).

The Report and draft resolutions of the committee on Immigration and Absorption were presented by the Chairman, Mr. I. Yezreeli, during the Twentieth Session (Sunday, January 8, in the afternoon). At this meeting Dr. Shimon Agranat was elected President of the Congress Court, and Mr. P. Rosen, Congress Attorney, on the motion of Mr. Meir Argov, Chairman of the Steering Committee.

The Reports and draft resolutions of the Committees on Settlement, and Education and culture in the Golah were presented at the Twenty-first Session (Sunday, January 8, in the evening) by their respective Chairmen, Mr. Zvi Zur and Mr. A. Remba.

During this Session Mr. Zalman Shazar eulogized Zionist leaders

and workers, and friends of the Movement, who had died since the previous Congress.

The Report and draft resolution of the Organization and Information Committee were presented to the Twenty-second Session (Monday, January 9, 1961, in the morning), by Mr. Wolf Perry, Chairman of the Committee.

Congress then made a pilgrimage to Mount Herzl, to pay tribute to the founder of the Movement. The Presidents of Congress laid wreaths on the Tomb, and the Congress Presidium planted a cedar nearby. Members of Congress also visited the graves of Nahum Sokolov, Joseph Sprinzak, and Eliezer Kaplan, after which they commemorated those who had died in the War of Independence, laid to rest in the Military Cemetery on Mount Herzl. Here too, the Presidents of Congress laid a wreath.

The Reports and the draft resolutions of the Committee on Youth Aliyah and Economic Affairs, and of the Committee on Finance and Funds, were presented by their respective Chairmen, Dr. J. Amitai, and Mr. Naphtali Hollander, to the Twenty-third Session (Monday, January 9, 1961, in the afternoon).

At the Twenty-fourth Session (Monday, January 9, 1961, in the evening), the Report and draft resolutions of the Political Committee were presented by its Chairman, Mr. Yitzchak Artzi.

Congress met in Plenary Session in the early hours of the morning on Wednesday, January 11, to receive the Report and draft resolutions of the Steering Committee on the election of the President of the Zionist Organization, the Executive, the Zionist General Council and the legal institutions.

Congress elected Dr. Nachum Goldmann, President of the Zionist Organization and Chairman of the Executive, and the Executive, the members of which are:

Mr. David Bet Aryeh
Mr. Chaim Levanon
Mr. Eliyahu Dobkin
Mr. Zvi Lurie
Mr. Leon Dultzin
Mr. Levi Eshkol
Mr. Louis Segal
Dr. Israel Goldstein
Mr. Moshe Sharett
Mrs. S. W. Halprin
Mr. Zalman Shazar
Dr. Dov Joseph
Mr. Shlomo Zalman Shragai

Rabbi Mordechai Kirshblum Mr. Aaron Zisling

Mr. Moshe Kol Mr. Abraham Schenker (Deputy

Congress, authorized the General Council to elect a new Executive at a meeting to be held in April 1961.

Congress elected the members of the Zionist General Council, the

Member)

Judges of the Congress Court and the Acting Attorney of the World Zionist Organization.

Mr. Moshe Sharett, President of Congress, made the closing speech and the Twenty-fifth Zionist Congress dispersed after the singing of the National Anthem.

### II. COMPOSITION OF THE CONGRESS

# 1. Date of Assembly

By virtue of its authority under Article 16, paragraph 2 of the (old) Constitution of the Zionist Organization, the Zionist General Council decided at the session held from May 31, 1959 to June 9, 1959 to postpone for one year the date of the 25th Zionist Congress, which according to the Article 16, paragraph 1 of the Constitution, should have taken place in 1959, and set its date for the summer of 1960. (Resolution No. 70 of the above session.)

For cogent reasons, the most important of which was the necessity to give the Zionist Movement sufficient time to become acquainted with, and adjusted to, the new Constitution, the Zionist General Council decided at the session held from December 28, 1959 to January 4, 1960 in amending the second part of the Resolution of the previous session, that the 25th Zionist Congress should meet towards the end of December 1960 and charged the Executive together with the Presidium of the Zionist General Council to fix the exact date of the Congress. In accordance with this Resolution, Congress was convened for December 27, 1960.

### 2. Number of Mandates

The 24th Zionist Congress, in its Resolution No. 90 C, authorized the Zionist General Council "to deal with and to decide on all matters pertaining to the structure and to the composition of Congress including Congress Elections, the right to vote and the continued existence or the abolition of the Shekel."

The Presidium of the Zionist General Council set up the "Committee for the Shekel and Elections" numbering 19 members and headed by the late Melech Noy. That Committee prepared detailed draft proposals which served as the basis for exhaustive deliberations held at the session of the Council in May–June 1959, and for Resolutions No. 60–69 passed on these matters. These Resolutions apply to the Shekel Drive, Congress Elections and Composition of the Congress insofar as the 25th Zionist Congress is concerned while the sections of the new Constitution relating to these matters where to come into force not earlier than upon the close of the 25th Zionist Congress.

Resolution No. 61 which was to replace Article 25 of the old Constitution and lays down the rules for the allocation of seats reads as follows:

"(1) The total number of elected delegates, with or without polling, shall not exceed 500.

- (2) Of this total Israel shall receive 38% of the seats, the USA 29% and the other countries of the Diaspora together 33%.
- (3) Of the 33% the number of seats to which each of the other countries (constituencies) is entitled shall be fixed by the Presidium of the General Council together with the Chairman of the Congress Court, in consultation with the Executive (Organization Department)."

In pursuance of this Resolution, the Presidium appointed a subcommittee headed by Mr. Y. Harkavi which worked out reasoned proposals for the allocation of seats for all countries of the Diaspora except the USA.

On December 31, 1959 a joint meeting of the Presidium of the Zionist General Council and of the Chairman of the Congress Tribunal took place in which 162 seats were allotted to the various countries.

The Congress Tribunal amended the above allocation by deciding at its sessions of November 2, 1960 and January 2, 1961 to increase the number of delegates of Chile, Mexico and Peru by one in each case, and by allocating two additional seats to Uruguay in conformity with a resolution of the Zionist General Council.

Since the Congress Tribunal on the other hand reduced the number of the Argentinian Mandates from 20 to 19 and since no delegate was elected in Congo, the total number of delegates elected in elections with polling or in uncontested elections remained—in conformity with the above Resolution of the Zionist General Council—500, namely: 190—Israel, 145—USA and 165—the other countries of the Diaspora.

Resolution No. 61 of the Zionist General Council in 1959, laid down that should the number of Shekalim distributed in any country not constitute at least 75% of the number of Shekalim sold in that country in the Shekel Campaign to the preceding Congress, the number of Delegates alloted to that country was to be reduced proportionately. However, it was not necessary to apply this Resolution because in all countries (Election Areas) the number of Herzl-Shekalim distributed before the 25th Congress exceeded the above minimum.

For the number of Mandates allotted to the various countries see Table A.

# 3. The Number of Delegates and the Date of Elections

The number of Delegates participating in the 25th Zionist Congress with full rights was 521: i.e. 500 who had been elected in elections with polling or in uncontested elections; 15 who had received their Mandates on the basis of the World Election Lists and 6 Delegates of the Women's International Zionist Organization (WIZO).

(a) In regard to elected Delegates (with or without voting), it should be emphasized that the number of countries in which elections with polling took place was this time much larger than for the pre-

vious Congress when elections with voting were held in 4 countries only. In 1960, 23,364 voters went to the polls in 10 Election Areas (countries), namely—Austria, Belgium, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Cuba, Denmark, Great Britain and Holland and elected there 51 delegates. In 22 Elections Areas, among them Israel and the United States, no voting took place and 449 delegates were elected in uncontested elections without voting, on the basis of agreements between Zionist bodies. With regard to 2 Election Areas—Algeria and Iran the Presidium of the Zionist General Council decided, on a proposal of the Executive and with the consent of the Congress Attorney and the Chairman of the Congress Tribunal, according to Section 20 B of the "Election Rules" that owing to cogent external reasons beyond the control of the Zionist Movement, and independent of the desire of local Zionists, no polling could take place. In 20 Election Areas uncontested elections without voting took place in accordance with Section 20 C of the "Election Rules."

In the Congo no Shekel Drive was held nor did elections in any form take place.

For details of the election results see Table B.

- (b) 15 Seats were allocated on the basis of the World Election Lists after the decision of the Zionist General Council of December 27 to change the method of the computation of the "Remaining Votes." Table C shows a breakdown of the Mandates allocated to World Elections List and explains the change of computation.
- (c) In pursuance of Article 26, Section 3, of the (new) Constitution an agreement was reached between the Zionist Executive and the Executive of the Women's International Zionist Organization (WIZO), approved by the Zionist General Council in the session held from December 12, 1959 to January 4, 1960 according to which WIZO was granted 6 Delegates with full rights and 4 in an advisory capacity.

#### 4. Associate Organizations and Fraternal Delegates

The (new) Constitution says in Article 5, Section 4:

"The Congress or, during the Inter-Congress period the Council, may, upon the proposal of the Executive, decide to admit as Members or Associate Members of the World Zionist Organization, National and International Bodies and fix special conditions for their participation in the Congres, the Council and other bodies of the World Zionist Organization."

In accordance with the above provisions, the Plenary Session of the Executive laid down principles and conditions regarding the admission of national/international bodies as Associate Members whose representatives participate in an advisory capacity in the Congress and its commissions. The Executive also worked out proposals as to which bodies should be invited as Associate Organizations.

These rules and proposals were submitted to a session of the Presidium of the Zionist General Council on October 21, 1960 and approved by this body. It also confirmed the proposal of the Executive to invite various organizations to send Fraternal Delegates to the Zionist Congress; it was laid down that such representation expresses a sympathetic attitude to the aims of the World Zionist Organization rather than involving an acceptance of the Zionist Programme; it was resolved that the Fraternal Delegates would take part in the Congress without the right to vote and that the right of taking part in deliberations would depend in every case on the decision of the Presidium of the Congress.

14 Representatives of Associate Organizations from 7 countries and 35 Fraternal Delegates from 10 countries were present at the Congress. For details see Table D.

# 5. Participants Without the Right to Vote

As already mentioned in Sections 3 and 4 the Women's International Zionist Organization (WIZO) received 4 Delegates in an advisory capacity in addition to 6 Delegates with full rights, and 14 Representatives of Associate Organizations in an advisory capacity took part in the Congress.

In accordance with Article 26, Sections 1 and 2 of the new Constitution, Members of the Zionist General Council are entitled to participate in Plenary sessions of Congress in an advisory capacity while, if appointed to any Congress committee, they have full rights as members of such committee. The Chairman of the Congress Tribunal, the Attorney of the World Zionist Organization and the Comptroller participate in Congress and its committees in an advisory capacity. The right of the Members of the Executive to participate in Congress in an advisory capacity is implied in Article 32, Section 3 of the Constitution. The composition of the participants in the 25th Zionist Congress without the right to vote was as follows:

Members of the Zionist General Council	
(including Virilists and 3 Representatives of WIZO)	112
Members of the Executive	18
Deputy Members of the Executive	1
Representatives of the Jewish Colonial Trust and the Keren	
Kayemeth Leisrael	· 2
Attorney of the World Zionist Organization	1
Comptroller	1
Delegates of WIZO in an advisory capacity	4
Representatives of Associate Organizations	14
Total	153

6. Number of Participants in Recent Congresses

The following list shows participation in the 25th Congress in comparison with that in the 5 previous Congresses:

Participants in Congress	20th	21st	22nd	23rd	24th	25th
Delegates Members of Zionist	484	527	385	446	496	521
General Council	42	46	58	96	105	112
Representatives with advisory status		_	10		7	18
Total	526	573	453	542	608	651

### 7. Division of Mandates According to Parties

The 521 Delegates with voting rights which took part in the 25th Zionist Congress were members of eight Congress Parties—which according to Article 2 of the Standing Orders of the Congress number at least 12 Delegates—and two groups, with less than 12 delegates, as per following list, which shows the situation at the close of the Congress:

Party	Number of Delegates	% of the Total of Delegates	% of the Total of Congress Parties
1. World Union Poale Zion Hitachdut	166	31.86	32.42
2. World Confederation of General			
Zionists (Chairmen: Mrs. R. Halprin			
and Dr. I. Goldstein)	80	15.36	15.63
3. World Confederation of General			
Zionists (Chairman: Dr. E. Neumann)	75	14.40	14.65
4. World Union Mizrachi and Hapoel			
Hamizrachi	63	12.09	12.30
5. World Union of the Herut-Ha-			
tzohar Movement	51	9.79	9.96
6. World Union of Mapam	35	6.71	6.84
7. World Union of Achdut Ha'Avodah			
Poale Zion	29	5.57	5.66
8. Progressive Party in Israel	13	2.49	2.54
9. Women's International Zionist			
Organization	6	1.15	
10. Unaffiliated delegates	3	0.58	
Total	521	100%	100%

### RESOLUTIONS OF THE CONGRESS

#### A. POLITICAL PROBLEMS

# 1. Concern for Peace in the World and in the Region

The Congress views with concern the existing world tension and the spread of the Cold War to one region after another. The Jewish people has always been concerned at any development liable to disturb world peace. The Congress regards general disarmament as one of the principal ways of reducing international tension.

The Congress is particularly concerned over the situation in the Middle East, the region in which the State of Israel is situated. General world tension is reflected, inter-alia, in the hostile attitude adopted by the rulers of the Arab States against the State of Israel. The declared aim of certain Arab rulers to wipe the State of Israel off the map is encouraged by the Cold War, which causes a steady and unlimited flow of arms and ammunition to the Arab States, in spite of their recurrent declarations violating the principles of the UN Charter that they are in a state of war with Israel. The incessant efforts of the State of Israel to achieve peace withs its neighbours have not so far borne fruit. Its repeated appeals for direct peace talks or at least non-aggression pacts with its neighbours have not been heeded by the Arab leaders.

The Congress expresses its support for the aspirations of all peoples of the world to live in peace and brotherhood and for the right of the State of Israel to security within the region in which it is situated as an equal member of the family of nations.

# 2. The Economic Boycott and the Blockade of Israel by the Arab States

The Congress condemns the campaign of threats and blackmail conducted by the Arab Governments with a view to interfering with the economic relations between Israel and the nations of the world. These activities, which are designed along the lines of Nazi methods and propaganda and bear the imprint of racial discrimination, are directed not only against the State of Israel but against the Jewish people as a whole.

The Congress views with grave concern the maritime blockade of the Suez Canal against Israel which persists despite its denunciation by the United Nations. The continuance of this illegal state of affairs must be considered as a precedent for the disregard of the principles of trade accepted by civilized nations and it constitutes a perpetual source of dangerous tension in the world. The Zionist Movement expresses its determined opposition to the Arab boycott and blockade of Israel. The Congress expresses its appreciation of all those bodies and agencies which have resisted and still resist the Arab boycott and calls upon the entire Jewish people to be prepared for any action that may be required to put an end to this blackmail and economic warfare on the part of the Arab States.

The Congress instructs the Executive to take appropriate measures to combat the Arab boycott and recommends coordination with all agencies operating in this field.

### 3. The Position of Soviet Jewry and the Attitude of the Soviet Government Towards It

In view of the grave predicament of the Jewish community in the Soviet Union from the national and cultural points of view and its complete severance from the Jewish communities of the World and of Israel, the Congress expresses deep anxiety for the future of Soviet Jewry as a distinct national and religious entity.

- (a) The Congress calls upon the Soviet Government to recognise the right of the Jews to a Jewish national, religious and cultural life and their right of aliya to Israel;
- (b) The Congress notes with regret that even in our days when the peoples and states of the world are expected to manifest an increasing measure of mutual understanding and tolerance and to develop extensive cultural relations with one another, Soviet Jewry is denied the possibility of a cultural and religious life of its own and is actually severed from all contacts with Jewish communities abroad, and this at a time when a marked improvement can be seen in the attitude of the Soviet Union to other national minorities.

Soviet Jewry can look back upon a glorious past of Jewish cultural creativeness in both Hebrew and Yiddish, thus making its contribution also to mankind's cultural heritage. The Congress appeals to the Soviet Union to make possible and assist in the renewal of Jewish cultural life in all its forms;

(c) The Congress appeals to the Soviet authorities to take every precaution so as to prevent attacks against the Jewish religion and to ensure to the Jews of the Soviet Union, in accordance with the Soviet Constitution, all the necessary conditions for a normal religious life;

(d) The Congress extends fraternal greetings to Soviet Jewry and proudly notes its loyalty to its glorious national tradition and its ardent hopes for the future.

The Congress hopes that the day is not far off when the Soviet Union will recognise the spiritual and cultural rights and needs of its Jewish citizens and enable them to maintain contact with their brethren in Israel and elsewhere;

(e) The Congress notes with satisfaction that non-Jewish public bodies have recognised these rights of Soviet Jewry and voiced their support of these demands from international platforms.

The Congress appeals to the Eastern European States allied to the Soviet Union to meet all claims of their Jewish minorities in so far as they have not yet done so.

# 4. Right to Emigration from Morocco and Postal Communication with that Country

The Congress views with concern the increasingly serious situation of Moroccan Jewry. The Congress calls the attention of world opinion to the fact that the Moroccan Government is blocking the roads of exit for the Jews of Morocco and preventing tens of thousands of persons from rejoning their relatives abroad.

The Congress appeals to the Moroccan Government to let the Jews of its country emigrate and join their families wherever they may be.

The severence of postal communications between the Jews of Morocco and their relatives in Israel is an act contrary to basic humanitarian principles. The Congress appeals to the Moroccan Government to enable the Jews of Morocco to maintain normal contact with their relatives and with Jews throughout the world.

### 5. Access to the Holy Places

The Congress protests against withholding of the time-honoured right of the Jewish people to free access to the sacred places, and first and foremost to the Wailing Wall.

This historic right of free access to, and of worship at the Wailing Wall has been violated by the Jordan authorities since the year 1948, in spite of an explicit undertaking contained in the Israel-Jordan Armistice Agreement.

The Congress calls upon the Government of Israel to persist in its efforts to put an end to this situation.

#### 6. Anti-Semitic Outbreaks

The Congress expresses grave anxiety at the frenquency of anti-Semitic outbreaks of a clearly Nazi character during the past year in

various countries and especially in Germany. The Congress appeals to the Government of these countries to continue to take speedy and energetic measures to eradicate manifestations of Nazism of any kind and to prevent a recurrence of such outbreaks, which affect not only the Jews, but the foundations of democracy and peace in the world at large.

The Congress expresses its view that Jews have the supreme duty of self-defence wherever their existence, safety or honour are attacked.

#### 7. The Eichmann Trial

The Congress expects that the trial of Eichmann in Israel will unfold to the world the tragedy of the destruction of the Jewish people in all its enormity and will act as a reterrent against a recurrence of such atrocities.

# 8. Compensation from Austria to Victims of Nazism

The Congress views with grave concern the continuous delays on the part of the Austrian Government in fulfilling the just claims for the payment of indemnification to Jewish victims of Nazi persecution in that country.

The Congress calls upon the Austrian Government to grant Jewish victims of Nazi persecution indemnification commensurate to the losses they suffered during the Nazi regime in Austria.

### 9. Message to New States

The Congress extends its greetings to peoples that have recently attained independence and hopes that they may flourish, prosper and enjoy happiness in their independent life.

The Congress notes with satisfaction the efforts of the young State of Israel to establish ties of cooperation with the new States.

### 10. The Executive's Activities in the Field of External Relations

The Congress deems it necessary that the Executive continue to perform the following activities through a suitable body attached to it:

- (a) Lending support and assistance to existing organizations for the promotion of friendship and cultural ties between Israel citizens and other people and taking initiative in the establishment of additional associations of this kind, both in Israel and in other countries;
- (b) Maintaining contact between the Executive and international non-governmental organizations accredited to the UN and lending support to non-governmental organizations in Israel which are in contact with such international organizations;
  - (c) Centralizing activities connected with national and international

Jewish organizations and with fraternal and associate organizations which have affiliated themselves to the Zionist Movement or will do so in the future;

(d) Establishing close contact with religious and spiritual organizations in all parts of the world for the purpose of acquainting them with the problems of the Jewish people and of the State of Israel.

# 11. Appreciation of Mr. Meir Grossman's Efforts

The 25th Zionist Congress thanks Mr. Meir Grossman, Head of the External Relations Department, who is retiring from Office, for the initiative, activity and efforts displayed by him in expanding the relations between the Zionist Movement and various Jewish and non-Jewish public bodies.

#### B. IMMIGRATION

### 12. Place of Immigration in Zionist Life

The 25th Zionist Congress declares that immigration shall form a principal task of Zionist life in Jewish communities all over the world. The Congress appeals to the Jewish people, wherever they may be, to come to Israel in their thousands so as to live a fully Jewish life and help in the upbuilding of the country and to reconstruct their own lives.

The Zionist organizations shall regard as a central task increased immigration of all kinds: pioneer immigration, immigration of the middle classes, free professions, capitalists, etc.

# 13. Welcome to New Immigrants, to Hassidic Immigration and Immigration of Physicians

The Congress sends its blessings to the Jews of all countries who have come to Israel during the period between the 24th and the present Congress, who have settled in towns and villages, in the Negev, in the hills and in the plains, and have strengthened the State of Israel both materially and spiritually.

The Congress particularly notes the encouraging and positive trend reflected in the commencement of Hassidic immigration from the United States and the immigration of Jewish physicians from the Argentine and other countries who have volunteered for service in border settlements. The Congress records with special gratification the example set by these beginnings to other Jewish circles and communities.

### 14. Economic Progress and Lack of Manpower

The Congress notes with deep satisfaction the great progress made in Israel in all branches of the economy and all fields of development. This development has brought about an expansion of absorption facilities and led to an ever-growing lack of manpower and professional workers. Hence the Congress calls upon and hopes that Zionists will fulfil the Mitzvah of *aliya*.

### 15. Emergency Areas

The Congress instructs the Executive constantly to examine jointly with the Israel Government via the coordinating institute, which countries should be regarded as rescue and emergency areas, and to take all the necessary steps in order to bring all Jews desirous of emigrating from these areas to Israel so as to avoid recurrence of instances as a result of which rescue may come too late.

### 16. Immigration from North Africa

At the present time Congress considers the immigration of North African Jewry as an urgent task, and instructs the Executive to take the most energetic action to effect it. The Congress instructs the Executive and the French Zionist Federation to take special measures for encouraging the immigration of the thousands of North African Jews at present in France.

# 17. Immigration from Countries Lacking Social and Political Stability

The Congress notes that the social and political unrest prevailing in several countries threatens the peace, security and economy of their Jewish inhabitants.

The Executive is required to take urgent and comprehensive steps to arouse the Jews of these countries to immigrate to Israel so that they may secure their future and to create the appropriate conditions for their absorption in this country.

# 18. Danger of Assimilation of the Small Jewish Communities

The Congress asserts that the small Jewish communities throughout the Diaspora are in danger of spiritual and national degeneration, and that only immigration to Israel is likely to save them from dissolution and assimilation. Hence the Congress favours special efforts to be made in Israel and the Diaspora to bring about the immigration of these communities and to put an end to their exile.

# 19. Immigration of Jews from Cochin

The Executive shall provide the appropriate conditions for speeding up the immigration of the remnants of Cochin Jewry.

### 20. Pioneer Immigration

The Congress expresses its anxiety at the paucity of pioneer immigration.

The vital needs of the State in reinforcing its defence, consolidating and expanding border settlements and rendering fruitful the large areas of wasteland, require the consolidation of pioneer-settlement by providing a large-scale reserve force.

# 21. Special Organizations in the Diaspora for Adult Immigration

The Congress finds it necessary to set up special organizations in the Diaspora for immigrants and those intending to immigrate within the next few years. These organizations shall comprise those above the age of pioneer youth movements and their task shall be to train them spiritually and professionally and to develop among them mutual aid institutions with a view to their settlement and integration in Israel.

The Executive and the Zionist Territorial Organizations shall foster this movement and provide it with the required set-up and means of operation.

### 22. Conditions for Expansion of Immigration

For the increase of immigration to a scale adequate to the needs of the hour, the following is required:

- (a) The despatch of first-class emissaries to bring the message of the upbuilding of the State of Israel to all Jewish communities and in particular to the smaller ones so as to arouse and encourage them to immigrate;
- (b) The supply to the Jewish communities of up-to-date information on all aspects of life in Israel, and on absorption projects worked out in the greatest possible detail;
- (c) The establishment of an economic and financial instrument to facilitate the transfer of property of immigrants from those countries in respect of which centralised planning and handling is required;
- (d) Speeding up the immigration of the parents of pioneers by means of special immigration facilities and the provision of assistance towards their absorption in communal and other agricultural settlements and in cities.

# 23. Appreciation of the Immigration Department's Activities

The Congress expresses its appreciation to the Immigration Department as well as to its workers and emissaries and gives them every encouragement in their fruitful activity of bringing Jews of the Diaspora to Israel.

### C. YOUTH ALIYAH

# 24. Achievements of Youth Aliyah

The Congress notes with satisfaction and appreciation the impressive achievements of Youth Aliyah which has rescued one hundred thousand young people and has absorbed, educated and rehabilitated them during the period of its existence. Twelve thousand of them are to this day under the care of Youth Aliyah.

# 25. Expanding of Youth Absorption

The Congress considers it necessary to expand the absorption of youth from all countries where there are youth and children in need of this project and who wish to immigrate to Israel and to be absorbed and educated there within the scope of Youth Aliyah's activities and on its responsibility.

# 26. Absorption of Youth in Kibbutzim and Other Agricultural Settlements

The Congress calls for increased absorption of youth in *kibbutzim* and other agricultural settlements.

### 27. Rehabilitation of Youth in Need of Assistance

The Congress instructs the Executive to work within the scope of Youth Aliyah for the rehabilitation of youth who have come to Israel since the establishment of the State and have not yet reached a suitable solution, economically and socially, to the problem of their future within the State. The Congress calls on the Government Departments concerned to cooperate in the implementation of this objective.

# 28. Greetings to Participants in Youth Aliyah Activities, Supporters and Friends

The Congress expresses its appreciation of, and sends greetings to all participants in Youth Aliyah activities who have had a share in this national, humanitarian and social achievement, i.e. the educators and those responsible for absorption in Israel, as well as to the supporters and friends of Youth Aliyah throughout the Diaspora.

# 29. The Part Played by the Friends of Youth Aliyah in Fund-Raising

The Congress notes with particular appreciation that the friends of Youth Aliyah throughout the world have kept faith with its project and that over fifty per cent of funds disbursed by Youth Aliyah throughout the years of its existence were raised by the friends and supporters in all parts of the world.

### 30. Efforts to Increase Youth Aliyah's Funds

Since Youth Aliyah as a result of budgetary cuts, is unable to absorb and rehabilitate all young people who need its education, the Congress calls on friends of Youth Aliyah throughout the world to increase their activities for the raising of funds for its projects. The Congress also instructs the Executive of the World Zionist Organization to examine the possibilty of and to make efforts towards increasing its participation in Youth Aliyah's financial burden to the extent of one-half of its budget, as was the case in previous years. This would enable Youth Aliyah to expand the scope of absorption and to increase the maintenance allowances granted to collective settlements.

#### D. ABSORPTION

# 31. Absorption Activities of the Government, the Executive and Other Institutions

The 25th Zionist Congress notes with appreciation the many-sided absorption activities carried out during the last four years by the Government of Israel and the Jewish Agency by distributing immigrants among agricultural settlements and development areas, the advancement of employment and industrialization and speeding up the liquidation of the *ma'barot* and the slums by extensive housing schemes.

The Congress notes with special appreciation the action taken on behalf of social cases and handicapped persons among the immigrants by the Absorption Department, the Ministry of Social Welfare, the Ministry of Health, Local Authorities, "Malben" and other bodies.

The Congress calls for the continuation of this fruitful effort at a rate and scale adequate to existing needs.

# 32. Treatment of Members of the Liberal Professions and Cultural Integration

The Congress notes that the special treatment given to immigrants of the free professions, the *ulpanim* for the teaching of Hebrew, the

scholarship scheme to provide post-primary and higher education to children of new immigrants, and in particular those from oriental countries, the youth centres, etc., all serve to promote the social and cultural integration of the new immigration and the process of merging the various committees. At the same time the Congress points out that certain sectors of the public still harbour grievances and feelings of discrimination. Therefore, the Congress demands the continuation and extension of these activities by all the means at the disposal of the State and the Jewish Agency.

# 33. Means and Ways of Speeding Up Immigration

The Congress welcomes the establishment and development of the constructive funds for the absorption of immigrants in the economy of the country and appeals to the Government of Israel, to take action in close cooperation with the Executive helping immigrants in the following respects:

the transfer of their capital and property;

the construction of flats of a suitable standard, especially for families with many children;

the erection of housing accommodation on a rental basis in development areas and wherever required;

the grant of adequate mortgages for the acquisition of flats;

the grant of constructive loans to professional people, craftsmen and tradesmen who are able to establish themselves on an independent basis;

creating a fund for guarantees on loans; increase of means for the rehabilitation of handicapped persons; and by all other ways which may speed up immigration and facilitate its absorption.

# 34. Care of Veteran Zionist Workers and Assirei Zion

The Congress notes with gratification the special treatment given to veteran Zionist workers and Assirei Zion with respect to their settlement in Israel, and demands that the requisite means be secured so that these immigrants may continue to be given adequate care.

# 35. Individual Care of Immigrants

All absorption institutions should evolve methods for the individual care of immigrants according to their capacities and needs, as well as the needs of the country.

# 36. Consultation Between Government and Executive in Legislative Matters Affecting Immigration

In accordance with the Convention between the Government of Israel and the Executive, the Congress demands that the Government shall consult the Executive prior to issuing any orders and regulations affecting immigration and immigrants, in particular the economic and financial interests of the immigrants.

# 37. Preparation of Absorption Projects and Securing Budgets for Their Implementation

The Congress states that in view of the expected future immigration, widespread absorption projects should be prepared in all branches of the economy and agricultural settlement, industry, trade, commerce and services—based on an immigration and absorption policy approved both by the Government and the Executive. A constant up-to-date survey of the possibilities and opportunities existing in Israel should be made, and appropriate budgets allocated for the execution of these plans. The absorption projects to be worked out by the various departments and offices of the Executive and the State or by a joint central body of the Government and the Executive should vary according to the needs of the State on the one hand and the social and economic requirements appropriate to the various categories of immigrants on the other, without distinction as to their country of origin.

The absorption institutions shall strictly observe the principle of equality based on an appropriate social approach, so as to avoid all suspicion of discrimination among the wider public.

# 38. Efforts of the Ministry of Labour for the Employment of Elderly and Handicapped Immigrants

The Congress acknowledges the important efforts of the Ministry of Labour in attempting to solve the employment problem of elderly and handicapped immigrants, and stresses the gravity of the problem and the vital necessity for its solution.

# 39. Aid of Women's Organizations to Children, Women and Families

The Congress congratulates the women's organizations on the great and devoted aid rendered to children, women and families of the new immigrants and calls upon the absorption institutions to assist in the intensification of these activities.

# 40. Activities of Immigrants' Organizations

The Congress notes with satisfaction the important activities of the various immigrants' associations in the field of information, guidance and aid to immigrants and charges the Executive with the strengthening and directing of these organizations so that they may be able to fulfil their tasks efficiently.

# 41. Appreciation to the Absorption Department, Its Workers and Emissaries

The Congress expresses its appreciation to the Absorption Department, as well as its workers and emissaries, and gives them every encouragement in their fruitful activity of promoting the integration of immigrants from Diaspora on the soil of the Holy Land.

### E. AGRICULTURAL SETTLEMENT

# 42. Progress in New Settlements

The 25th Zionist Congress notes the great progress made in new settlements since the 24th Congress, evidenced by the following facts:

- (a) The agricultural production of settlements established since the foundation of the State has increased to 40 per cent of the value of the total agricultural production of the State of Israel;
- (b) Considerable improvements from the vocational, social and organizational points of view have taken place in these settlements;
- (c) Over 70,000 dunams of citrus groves and tens of thousands of dunams of other plantations have been planted in the new settlements during this period;
- (d) The consolidation of 5,500 farm units in 86 settlements is in its final stage;
- (e) The settling of the Adullam Region, the Lebanese border and the Arava has commenced;
- (f) Economic guidance, and in particular guidance of the cooperative societies in *moshavim*, has been intensified and the system of guided *kibbutzim* has been put into operation.

The Congress extends its warm greetings and expresses its appreciation and encouragement to the hundreds of settlements, and especially the border-, hill- and Negev settlements, which guard the frontier of the State of Israel.

The Congress sends a special message of encouragement to the Negev settlements engaged in a hard struggle against drought for the fourth year in succession and instructs the Executive to aid them to the full extent of its ability.

### 43. Completion of Consolidation of the New Settlements

The Congress notes the fact that the Settlement Department looks after 486 new settlements, comprising over 33,000 farm units, and that since the final stage of consolidation has been reached by 85 settlements, there are still hundreds non-consolidated settlements. These settlements, mostly situated on the borders of the State, have developed and matured vocationally and socially, but owing to lack of means of production are struggling for economic survival and hoping for that deficiency to be made up. The Congress declares that the consolidation of these settlements must be completed by the next Congress.

The Congress instructs the Executive to prepare and launch for that purpose a special economic, financial and organizational scheme which shall be implemented in stages adapted to the degree of maturity achieved by the settlements. The financing of this consolidation scheme must be the central aim of the financial effort of the Jewish people in the Diaspora during the coming period.

#### 44. New Settlements in the Arava

The Zionist Congress pays tribute to the powerful *chalutzic* effort made by the establishment of new agricultural settlements in the Arava, viz., Ein Gedi, Yotvata, Ein Yahav, and the *kibbutz* in Eilat.

# 45. Importance of Settlement Activities in the Central and Southern Negev and in the Hills of Galilee

The security and settlement requirements of the State of Israel call for a renewed settlement drive in the central and southern Negev areas which are still wasteland and in the hills of Galilee which have not yet been settled. This drive must of necessity be accompanied by a speeding up of the development of water resources in the State.

The Congress calls upon the youth in Israel and the Diaspora to populate existing settlements and to set up additional nuclei for new settlements.

#### 46. Conditions of Repayment and Rates of Interest on Loans

The Congress instructs the Executive to examine the conditions of repayment of and rates of interest on loans granted out of settlement budgets, having regard to the ability of the settlers to pay their debt and to the recommendations of the public committee which has studied the state of agriculture in Israel.

# 47. Supply of Means of Production to Hill Settlements and Enlargement of Their Plantations

Having regard to the difficult economic position of hill settlements as compared with settlements in the plain, and in view of their special security position as border settlements, the Congress instructs the Executive to give particular attention to the supply of means of production to those settlements and to concern itself with the enlargement of their plantations.

#### 48. Middle-Class Settlements

The Congress notes with satisfaction the progress made in middleclass settlements and records the fact that they are among the settlements whose consolidation by the Settlement Department is at present being completed.

The Congress instructs the Executive to include in their future settlement plans the settlement of middle-class immigrants, possessing some means, in a suitable manner and in appropriate circumstances.

# 49. Keren Kayemet L'Israel's Achievements in Developing Waste Land

The Congress pays tribute to the splendid achievements of the Keren Kayemet L'Israel in turning waste land into tracts of fertile soil during the period between the 24th and the present Congress. The Congress endorses the plan of the Keren Kayemet for the development of a total of 2.5 million dunams of waste land in the hill region and the Negev as a basis for the settlement of additional tens of thousands of families.

#### F. EDUCATION AND CULTURE IN THE DIASPORA

# 50. Jewish Education, Its Task and Aim in the Life of the Diaspora

The 25th Zionist Congress having heard the warning of the Delegates from the Diaspora regarding the danger of assimilation which threatens the Jewish communities abroad, deems it necessary to consider education as its chief concern.

The Congress appeals to all members of the World Zionist Organization to devote the best spiritual forces and material means for the consolidation, extension and intensification of Jewish national education based on Jewish tradition, the Hebrew language and personal ties with the State of Israel.

The Congress considers the ingathering of the exiles as a national

mission towards which the education of the present generation should be orientated.

# 51. Cooperation Between the Executive and Other Bodies in the Field of Education

In order to expand the scope of Jewish education the Congress instructs the Executive to act in cooperation with the Zionist Territorial Organizations, Education Committees and Community Councils, teachers' organizations, women's organizations and other public bodies in the Diaspora.

# 52. Ensuring Hebrew Education to Children and Learning of Hebrew a Zionist Duty

The Congress makes it incumbent upon every Zionist to ensure Hebrew education to his children and appeals to all spokesmen and key workers of the Zionist Movement to learn Hebrew and make it a part of their public life.

# 53. Jewish Day-Schools, Kindergartens, Yeshivot, Secondary and Higher Education; Improvement of Teaching Standards

The Congress considers the complete Jewish day school to be the most desirable institution within the educational system of Diaspora Jewry and appeals to all those concerned with the field of education to make efforts for the expansion of the system of schools of this kind and for the raising of their standard. The Executive and its departments shall assist in the establishment of kindergartens, days schools and small-scale Yeshivot.

In those localities where full day schools cannot be set up, complementary schools and Talmudei Torah shall be maintained.

The Congress deems it necessary to foster institutions for secondary and higher education, including large-scale Yeshivot, so as to ensure the continuation of Jewish national education after completion of elementary school.

The Congress demands the continuation of efforts for improving the level of teaching and the preparation of a uniform basic curriculum for the various kinds of schools in the Diaspora.

# 54. A Year's Study in Israel

The Congress appeals to the Jews of the Diaspora to send pupils of secondary and higher schools as well as those attending the Yeshivot to study in Israel for at least one year which shall be devoted to the study of Hebrew, Jewish knowledge and general knowledge about Israel, and instructs the Executive to make the necessary arrangements for the absorption of students in Israeli educational institutions.

The Congress calls upon the Government of Israel to lend its assistance to this enterprise.

# 55. Training of Teachers and Youth Leaders; More Israeli Teachers for the Diaspora

The Congress views with concern the serious shortage of teachers and spiritual leaders in the Diaspora and instructs the Executive to train personnel for purposes of teaching and spiritual guidance and to provide for advanced training of teachers and instructors from the Diaspora at short- and long-term seminars both in Israel and abroad.

The Congress instructs the Executive to increase the number of teachers from Israel to teach at educational institutions in the Diaspora and appeals to Israeli teachers to take this mission upon themselves. Israeli teachers should receive special training for this purpose and be given advice and guidance while fulfilling such missions.

### 56. Text Books, Study Material and Teaching Aids

The Congress demands that the Executive shall provide text books, study material and teaching aids in Jewish subjects. Chapters on the holocaust, the revolt, the War of Liberation, and all the deeds of heroism preceding it shall be included in the text books on modern Jewish history.

#### 57. The World Hebrew Union

The Congress recognises the World Hebrew Union and its national branches as the official medium of the Zionist Movement for the dissemination of Hebrew language and culture and deems it necessary to continue to support its activities.

The Congress demands that there should be cooperation between the Territorial Zionist Organizations and the Hebrew Movement.

# 58. Cooperation With the World Hebrew Union and World Jewish Bible Society

The Congress instructs the Executive to enhance its efforts with respect to the dissemination of Hebrew, Torah and knowledge of Hebrew culture among the people and welcomes joint action with the World Hebrew Union and the World Jewish Bible Society.

#### 59. Educational and Cultural Activity in Yiddish

In those countries where Yiddish plays an important part in strengthening Jewish life the Zionist Territorial Organizations shall assist in the educational and cultural work done in this language, without thereby relaxing their efforts on behalf of the Hebrew language.

### 60. Cultural and Educational Activities of Women's Organizations

The Congress expresses its particular gratification at the cultural and educational activities of women's organizations and calls upon them to expand and intensify their efforts, first and foremost amongst their own members. The Executive is requested to devote special attention to the cultural work among the women's organizations and, in particular, to the maintenance of permanent seminars in Israel for leadership training and the publication of educational literature adapted to the needs of the woman and the mother.

# 61. Strengthening of Relations with Rabbis and Community Leaders

The Congress deems it necessary to form closer relations with Rabbis and spiritual leaders of communities with a view to making Israel the focal point of their cultural and social activities.

# 62. Greetings to Hebrew Teachers in the Diaspora and the World Jewish Teachers' Organization

The Congress sends a message of encouragement to the Hebrew teachers engaged in the task of Jewish education in the Diaspora and welcomes the first steps taken by the World Teachers' Organization in raising the status of Jewish teachers all over the World.

### 63. World Convention on Jewish Education

The Congress attaches importance to the holding of a World Convention on Jewish education with the participation of all World Jewish Organizations which have given their support to the World Zionist Organization in its endeavour to make Jewish education an essential task of Diaspora Jewry.

# 64. Keren Kayemet L'Israel and Keren Hayesod-United Jewish Appeal as Educational Factors

The Congress calls upon educational institutions, teachers and educators in the Diaspora to integrate in their work the values represented by the Keren Kayemet L'Israel and the Keren Hayesod-United Jewish Appeal.

### 65. Commemoration Ceremonies for National Heroes

The Congress calls upon all Jews in the Diaspora to institute ceremonies commemorating those of our people, who fell on all fronts before the establishment of the State of Israel, during the war of liberation and later on, either on Memorial Day (fourth Iyar) or the Day of Independence (fifth Iyar). These ceremonies should be held at schools, synagogues or communal meeting places according to the programme laid down for commemorating our soldiers who have fallen on behalf of our Homeland. The programme shall be fully devised by the Department of Education and Culture in the Diaspora and submitted to the Zionist Territorial Organizations and the National Education Commissions.

#### G. ORGANIZATION

# 66. The Progress Made in the Zionist Movement and in the Zionist Territorial Organizations

The 25th Zionist Congress welcomes the general progress made by the Zionist Movement in various countries, and the development of the Zionist Territorial Organizations in accordance with the Resolutions of the 24th Zionist Congress and the Zionist General Council.

The central task of the Zionist Organizations during the coming years shall be to secure the decisive influence of the Zionist Movement on the life of the Jewish people.

# 67. Activation of Members and Turning Shekalim Holders Into Members

In the field of organization the Zionist Territorial Organizations should activate their membership and turn the large numbers of Shekelholders into active members of the Territorial Organizations and other Zionist associations and bodies.

# 68. Setting Up of Zionist Territorial Organizations in Countries Where They Do Not Yet Exist

In countries where a Zionist Territorial Organization has not yet been established, it shall be set up as soon as possible in accordance with the Resolution of the Zionist General Council at its session in July 1957.

### 69. A Four-Year Programme of Zionist Activities

In large and medium-sized Jewish centres, the Executive, in conjunction with the Territorial Zionist Organizations, shall draw up a four-year programme in all spheres of Zionist activity—the consolidation and expansion of the organization, the increase of pioneer activities and all kinds of immigration, the expansion of educational schemes and for all other functions assigned to Territorial Zionist Organizations.

The Executive, together with the National Zionist Organizations shall

determine the form of organization appropriate to conditions prevailing in each country, in accordance with Article 6 of the Constitution.

### 70. The Importance of Small Jewish Communities

The Executive shall consider the smaller Jewish communities as a Zionist frontline of primary importance and extend to them the greatest possible moral, practical and financial support.

### 71. The Young Generation

The Congress notes with concern that the Zionist Movement has not so far succeeded in including within its ranks and sufficiently activating the younger generation of the Diaspora.

The Executive and the Zionist Territorial Organizations shall launch an organizational, educational and information drive to win over the younger generation.

The Congress instructs all Zionist Organizations to provide for suitable representation of the younger generation within their leadership.

#### 72. The Pioneer Movement

The Pioneer movement which constitutes the acme of Zionist activity and realisation shall be promoted within the Zionist Territorial Organizations and their governing bodies so as to contribute to the shaping of their own character and assist in winning over the younger generation to active Zionist membership.

The Zionist Territorial Organizations shall consider the pioneer youth as a valuable Zionist asset and render all trends of it the fullest moral and material assistance.

# 73. Admission of Professional, Local Organizations and Non-Organized Individuals

The Congress instructs the Executive and the Territorial Zionist Organizations to give practical effect to the Resolutions of the Zionist General Council and the provisions of the Constitution concerning the admission of non-party Zionist Organizations and of unorganized individuals to the Territorial Zionist Organizations and to enable them to participate in the leadership and the governing bodies according to the particular conditions prevailing in each country.

# 74. Accession of Communities and Other Bodies as Associate Members

The Congress notes with great satisfaction the accession of large and small communities and other organizations to the World Zionist Organization as Associate Members and extends to them its warmest greetings.

The Congress regards the important achievement made in the inclusion of these bodies within the World Zionist Organization as the commencement of a planned campaign for the affiliation of Jewish communities in the spirit of Herzl's appeal at the Second Zionist Congress in Basle.

The Congress instructs the Executive and the governing bodies of the Territorial Zionist Organizations to continue their efforts to include all Jewish communities within the World Zionist Organization. In particular the Congress draws the attention of the Executive and the American Zionist Council to the necessity of working towards the incorporation of major Jewish organizations in the U.S.A. within the World Zionist Organization, in accordance with the new Constitution.

### 75. Confirmation of Rights and Obligations of Associate Members

The Congress confirms the rights and obligations of Associate Members within the World Zionist Organization, as approved by the Executive and the Presidium of the Zionist General Council.

### 76. Organizations Which Have Sent Friendly Delegations

The Congress greets the international and national Jewish organizations which have sent friendly delegations to the Congress and expresses its firm hope that their presence at the Congress may constitute the first stage towards their joining the World Zionist Organization.

# 77. Cooperation Between Associate Members and the Zionist Territorial Organizations

The Congress instructs the Executive and the Zionist Territorial Organizations to create the means for joint action of the Associate Members and the Zionist Territorial Organizations in each country.

### 78. Days of Study and Seminars

The Congress instructs the Executive to continue the ideological Zionist training activities by way of days of study and seminars in Israel and the Diaspora to provide young leadership for the Territorial Zionist Organizations.

The Congress deems it necessary to set up a training centre and seminar for Zionist leaders attached to the Zionist Executive with a view to training Zionist leaders in Zionist and communal work to enable them to act as emissaries from Israel to the communities abroad.

#### 79. The Section for Diaspora Research

The Congress notes with great satisfaction the progress of the work of the Section for Diaspora Research and encourages the Zionist Executive to employ it for the dissemination of knowledge on the Diaspora and for Zionist training.

#### 80. The Zionist Library

The Congress commends the Zionist Library which has published the selected works of the classical writers and thinkers of the Zionist Movement. In particular the Congress commends those engaged in the publication and editing of Herzl's complete works in a scholarly edition.

The Zionist Executive shall see to it that all publishing enterprises relating to Zionist teaching and history and to Jewish problems, past and present are concentrated within the Zionist Library.

The Zionist Library shall devote its attention to the publication of works of Zionist thinkers and the founders of Zionism in languages spoken in Jewish centres and to publication of books adapted for popular use and for the younger generation.

### 81. The Financial Self-Sufficiency of the Territorial Zionist Organizations—an Urgent Need

The Congress calls upon the Territorial Zionist Organizations to aim at financial self-sufficiency without relying on allocations for administrative purposes from the centre in Jerusalem and without prejudice to their efforts on behalf of the National Funds.

#### 82. The Central Zionist Archives

Following the Resolutions of the 24th Zionist Congress on the Central Zionist Archives, the Congress expresses its appreciation of the Archives' activities in gathering and elaborating the material on the history of the Zionist Movement.

The Congress notes with particular appreciation the erection of the Herzl Museum at the initiative and according to the plans of the Zionist Archives and the progress made by the Archives in editing and preparing Herzl's writings for print. The Congress expresses the wish that the research and publication activities of the Archives may be continued and expanded.

It is regretfully noted by the Congress that the problem of accommodation for the Central Zionist Archives has not yet been solved. It charges the Zionist Executive with the task of finding suitable accommodation for this purpose.

#### H. LEGAL MATTERS

### 83. The Number of Delegates to Congress

Article 17 of the Constitution, shall be amended as follows:—

### (a) Section 1

"The number of Delegates to Congress apart from those elected on World Election Lists and those participating in the Congress in accordance with Article 26, Section 3, shall not exceed 500".

#### (b) Section 2

After the words "the number of Congress Delegates" the words "as stated in Section 1" shall be added.

# 84. The Number of Members and Deputy Members of the General Council

Article 32 of the Constitution, shall be amended as follows:—

#### (a) Section 1

"The Congress shall elect the members of the General Council entitled to vote in accordance with the relative strength of the groupings in Congress.

"Every Congress grouping shall be represented on the Council by a number of members equal to one fifth of the total number of delegates of the respective grouping.

"A remainder of at least 3 as a result of such division entitles a grouping to an additional member on the council."

#### (b) Section 3(e)

"Members of the Executive in the period preceding the Congress and members of the Executive who have resigned during the current Congress period."

#### (c) Section 4

The words "192 deputies" shall be replaced by the words "a number of deputy members equal to twice the number of members stated in Section 1."

#### 85. Committees for Drafting New Regulations

The Congress instructs the Presidium of the General Council to set up committees reflecting the composition of the Congress for drafting new Regulations concerning the following subjects:

- (1) Standing Orders of the Congress and of the General Council;
- (2) Regulations for the Shekel Drive, guaranteeing its efficiency and ensuring suitable control and supervision;

#### (3) Election Rules.

The new Draft Regulations shall be submitted to the General Council for deliberation and decision.

# 86. Delegation of Powers to Change the Constitution in Certain Respects

In pursuance of Article 64 of the Constitution of the Zionist Organization the Congress delegates to the General Council its powers:

- (1) to resolve on such amendments to the Constitution as may prove necessary in connection with the innovation in the fields indicated in Resolution No. 85 above and on an amendment to Article 57, Section 2 of the Constitution:
- (2) to resolve once again, if it deems necessary to do so on the subjects dealt with Resolution No. 84 a) and c) above.

### 87. Delegation of Power to Elect the Executive

In accordance with Article 15 of the Constitution, the Congress delegates to the General Council its power to elect the Executive at its next session.

### 88. Regulations of the Congress Court

The Congress Court is requested to prepare, in accordance with Article 52 of the Constitution, new Regulations laying down the procedure in legal matters conducted before it and to submit such Regulations to the General Council for confirmation at one of its sessions in the forthcoming Congress period.

#### 89. Representation of Associate Members of the Executive

In pursuance of Article 5, Section 4 of the Constitution, the Congress agrees that the General Council, in accordance with a proposal of the Executive, decides upon the affiliation to the Executive of representatives of bodies which had joined the World Zionist Organization as Associate Members.

#### I. YOUTH AND HECHALUTZ

#### 90. Youth Education a Central Task of the Movement

The 25th Zionist Congress declares that the Jewish and Zionist education of youth in the Diaspora constitutes a major aim of the Zionist Movement at the present time. The central institutions and national organizations of the Zionist Movement must intensify activity among youth in all countries and provide the necessary funds for strengthen-

ing the Zionist pioneer youth movement, for bringing Jewish and Zionist values closer to the tens of thousands of young people organized in the general Jewish youth movements, and for securing ever increasing cooperation with the younger generation of the Jewish people in the building of the State of Israel.

#### 91. Zionist Youth Organizations

The Congress calls upon Jewish youth throughout the Diaspora to join the ranks of the Zionist youth organizations fostering the basic values of the nation and the cooperation of the younger generation in the Jewish renaissance in the ancestral homeland.

### 92. Attracting Unorganized Jewish Youth

The Congress calls upon youth movements to launch a widespread campaign to attract unorganized Jewish youth and requires the institutions of the Zionist Movement in all countries to lend moral and material aid for organizing unorganized young Jews so as to win over the young generation for Judaism and Zionism.

#### 93. Chalutzic Youth Movements

The Congress notes with gratification the achievements of the pioneer youth movements in the education of thousands of young people towards aliya and hagshama. The Congress instructs the Youth and Hechalutz Department to spare no effort to strengthen the Pioneer youth Movements which are the hope for the future of the Zionist enterprise, by fostering pioneer training projects, establishing clubs and summer camps, increasing the number of shlichim-madrichim and extending a greater measure of financial assistance.

### 94. World and Regional Conventions of Jewish Youth

The Congress is gratified to note the success of the first World Jewish Youth Convention held in Jerusalem by the Department in the State of Israel's Tenth Anniversary Year, in which representatives of approximately half a million organized young men and women from thirty-six countries participated. The Congress instructs the Department to continue its efforts to secure closer cooperation between all the diverse youth movements. The Congress endorses the plan of the Department that, after Regional Conferences of Jewish Youth in Europe, North America and South America have convened, a second World Convention should be called to assist in the creation of a permanent organization for all Jewish youth.

## 95. Expanding of Activities Within the General Jewish Youth Movements

Noting the keener spirit animating Jewish youth in the Diaspora, as a result of the first World Jewish Youth Convention, the Congress instructs the Department to expand its activities among the general Jewish youth movements so as to foster in them traditional and national cultural values and strengthen their attachment to the State of Israel. The Department shall dispatch special emissaries to operate within the general youth organizations and to bring these organizations and the Zionist youth movement closer together.

# 96. Establishment of National Inter-Movement Youth Councils With a view to securing closer mutual cooperation between Jewish youth movements and organizations Congress recommends that within every large Jewish community a national inter-movement youth council shall be established.

# 97. Creation of Closer Ties Between Youth Movements and Schools in Israel and in the Diaspora

The Congress recognizes the great importance of closer ties between the youth movements on the one hand and schools in Israel and Jewish schools in the Diaspora on the other—constituting the principal partners in the Jewish and Zionist education of the younger generation—and calls upon educational institutions and educators and teachers to intensify such mutual cooperation and to extend every possible aid for the strengthening of the youth movement.

# 98. Strengthening of Relations with Jewish Students' Organizations in the Diaspora

The Congress notes the efforts made by the Youth and Hechalutz Department to strengthen its ties with Jewish students organizations throughout the Diaspora and instructs it to extend its activities in this field. In view of the success of the One-Year Study Programme for North American Students at the Hebrew University in Jerusalem the Department should expand this project and develop similar programmes for bringing groups of Jewish students from other countries for a period of study at institutions of higher learning in Israel.

### 99. Training of Madrichim in the Diaspora

In order to implement the great task of extending the ranks of the youth movements, Congress regards it as essential to train *madrichim* in the Diaspora. The Department shall spare no effort and invest the necessary funds in the training of a large cadre of young educators

who will undertake the mission of instructing youth in the values of Zionism, Judaism and *chalutziut*.

### 100. Institute for Jewish Youth Leaders from Abroad

The Congress notes with profound gratification the important achievements of the Department's Institute for Jewish Youth Leaders from Abroad in training over 2,000 madrichim for youth movements in 39 countries. In view of the urgent need to train fully qualified educational personnel Congress demands an expansion of the absorptive capacity of the Institute and the increase of the number of its graduates assisted by the Department so as to enable them to devote all their time to educational work.

### 101. Activities of Shlichim Among Youth Movements

The Congress is deeply appreciative of the loyal and devoted work performed by the *shlichim* operating within the youth movements and in the training centres. Educational work requires a large increase in the number of *shlichim* in order to strengthen attachment to the State of Israel and intensify education towards *aliya* and *hagshama*. The Department is required to renew the activities of the *Shlichim* Training Institute at the earliest possible date. The Congress entrusts the Zionist Actions Committee with reconsidering the question of the key for the distribution of *shlichim*.

### 102. Pioneer Training Abroad and a Year's Hachshara in Israel

The Congress recalls the resolution of earlier Congresses regarding the importance of pioneer training abroad as an essential means of educating Youth in the Diaspora towards aliya and hagshama in Israel, and instructs the Department to make an unremitting effort to consolidate and to expand the hachsharot. In view of the success of the first groups participating in a Year's hachshara in Israel, which consisted of members of North American youth Movements, this project must be festered and extended.

### 103. Activity Among Chalutzic Aliyah Groups

The Congress expresses its appreciation of the work of the Department among the *aliya* groups of young *chalutzim* by facilitating their cultural and social integration in the workers' settlements and instructs it to continue this activity, particularly in the field of dissemination of the Hebrew language and literature.

#### 104. "Year of Service" and "Year of Study and Work"

The Congress is gratified to note the increasing number of young people coming to Israel for the Shnat Sherut—Year of Service—from European countries and for the "Year of Study and Work" from North America. The Department should further develop these projects, which represent a source of aliya and foster personal ties with the State of Israel, and endeavour to expand their scope both in respect of the number of young people and the countries participating in the project.

### 105. "Pilgrimage" Movement-Summer and Winter Institutes

The Congress calls upon Jewish youth throughout the world to join the "pilgrimage" movement and to strengthen their personal attachments to the State by a visit to Israel. The Congress notes with gratification the constant expansion of the Summer and Winter Projects of the Department which up to now have brought close upon eight thousand young men and women from countries of the Diaspora for a visit to Israel. The Department shall foster and expand these projects so as to embrace tens of thousands of young people from all sections of Jewish youth.

### 106. Savings Schemes for Young People

The Congress notes with gratification the savings scheme for young people reaching the age of Bar-Mizvah which will make possible their visiting Israel after several years, within the framework of the Summer and Winter Institutes organized by the Department.

#### 107. Teaching of Hebrew

A knowledge of the Hebrew language must be acquired by the masses of Jewish youth in the Diaspora. The Department must increase its efforts for the teaching of the language in the Diaspora as one of the main aspects of its educational and Zionist work, and must give special consideration to arranging courses and Ulpanim for Hebrew among the youth movements and on an inter-movement basis.

### 108. Activity Among Israeli Youth

The Congress notes with appreciation the varied work conducted by the Department among Israeli youth, including immigrant youth, and its important aid in establishing a wide network of clubs, organizing camps, acquiring suitable equipment and intensifying educational activities. The Department shall intensify this activity by expanding the network of clubs, by constant development of mobile libraries, educational and cultural activities, handicrafts and sports.

#### 109. Training of Israeli Youth Madrichim

The work conducted by the Department in the training of madrichim for Israeli youth organized in the various movements in order to advance their knowledge in diverse branches of hadracha has assisted substantially in raising the educational level of the Israeli youth movement. The Department must be unremitting in its efforts to expand this branch of activities within the general scope of its diverse projects.

#### 110. The Link Between Israeli Youth and Jews in the Diaspora

The Congress calls for the strengthening of the ties of Israeli youth with the Jewish people in the Diaspora by fostering Zionist education and deepening Iewish consciousness in its ranks.

#### 111. PATWA

The Congress notes with great appreciation the important activities of PATWA (the Professional and Technical Workers' Division of the Department) thanks to whose efforts 2,300 qualified men and women have settled in Israel since the establishment of the State and have been integrated in its economic and social life. Noting these important achievements Congress calls for the expansion of this activity.

#### 112. Publications

The Congress regards the educational publications of the Department in various languages as an important auxiliary instrument in the daily work of the youth leader in the Diaspora. The Department must continue the expansion of its publications programme to ensure that it embraces all aspects of educational work within the youth movement, in accordance with the needs of the movements in the various countries.

# 113. Jewish National Fund and Keren Hayesod-United Israel Appeal as Educational Factors

The Congress recognizes the Jewish National Fund and the Keren Hayesod-United Israel Appeal as important factors in the education of the younger generation to Zionist awareness and calls upon all youth movements to include the values of these Funds in their educational activities and to work on their behalf.

### 114. Activity for Jewish Youth in Africa and Other Countries

The Congress views with concern the situation of Jewish communities in a number of countries in Africa and elsewhere and calls upon the Department to launch a comprehensive drive of Jewish youth in these countries and to ensure their future in the Jewish State.

### J. INFORMATION

# 115. Expansion of the Work of the Information Department, Especially in Israel

The 25th Zionist Congress expresses satisfaction at the expansion of the work of the Information Department in the fields of broadcasting, transcription service, films and publications. It records its appreciation of the steps taken recently to intensify Zionist information in Israel.

# 116. Cooperation with the National Funds and Other Institutions and Organizations

The Congress notes that in order to secure greater efficiency the Information Department's activities both in Israel and abroad have been conducted in cooperation with the National Funds and other public bodies in Israel, whilst preserving the autonomy of the Zionist Organization.

The Congress, therefore, recommends the strengthening of this cooperation with all bodies engaged in Zionist, Jewish and Israeli information work, especially with Zionist institutions and organizations in Israel, engaged in the field of information activities.

The Congress expresses its support of the Executive's efforts to ensure full cooperation between Zionist institutions and organizations in Israel engaged in activities of information.

# 117. Transcription and Broadcasting Service; Inclusion of Hebrew Lessons in Broadcasts

The Congress notes that the transcription service and the direct broadcasts of Kol Zion Lagola which now transmits for  $3\frac{1}{4}$  hours daily in nine languages have brought first-hand information from Israel to many countries in all parts of the world. The Congress recommends that the broadcasting hours be increased, and the transcription service expanded and stresses the need to include Hebrew lessons in the broadcasts.

The Congress emphasizes that these services must remain under the Control of the Zionist Organization.

### 118. Film and Filmstrip Production

The Congress takes note of the progress made in the fields of film and filmstrip production intended for Zionist information. It charges the Executive, in cooperation with other bodies, to find ways and means of producing full-length films with Israeli content.

# 119. Publication of Translations of Zionist and Jewish Literature and Works of Music and Art Abroad

The Congress recommends that the Zionist Organization encourage publishing houses abroad to publish translations of classical works in Zionist and Jewish literature into various languages and to issue Israeli works in the fields of music and art.

### 120. Publication of Material from Zionist Ideological Literature

In order to deepen Zionist consciousness, chiefly among youth and other circles not at present included in the framework of the Zionist Organization, the Congress recommends the publication of material from Zionist ideological literature of all schools of thought and material on the basic problems of the Jewish people at the present time.

Particular attention should be devoted to the publication of suitable explanatory material in the Israeli and general Jewish press.

# 121. Establishment of Committees and Appointment of Individuals for Information Purposes Abroad

The Congress recomends the establishment of committees or appointment of individuals in every country who, in agreement with the various sections of the Zionist Movement, shall be responsible for the dissemination of information on all matters connected with Israel and the Zionist Movement and shall maintain close contact with the information services of the Zionist Organization in Jerusalem.

#### 122. Visits by Israeli Personalities to the Diaspora

The Congress demands that the programme of Israel and Zionist emissary work in the Diaspora include visits by Israeli personalities to Diaspora centres for information purposes.

### 123. Information by Medium of Students and Sailors

Special information material having particularly instructive content should be prepared and distributed to Israel students and sailors visiting the Diaspora or sojourning there in order that they may strengthen the contact between Israel and Jewish groups abroad and constitute a source of positive Zionist and Israeli information and of propaganda for the Zionist Movement and the State of Israel.

# 124. Information Activity in Israel on Zionist Problems and Diaspora Jewry

The Congress insists that information activity in Israel be continued on problems of Zionism and Diaspora Jewry with particular emphasis on the history of Jewish settlement in Israel and the Zionist Movement, the reconstruction of Israel and the part played by the Zionist Organization in it, the political struggle of the Zionist Movement and of the Yishuv for the establishment of the State, the struggle of the underground movement and the War of Independence. The Congress recommends that the Department concerned increase its activities in this field, in cooperation with the responsible bodies in Israel. The Executive shall be responsible for the inclusion of this material in the curricula of primary, secondary and higher institutions of learning and in the programmes of the information services to the general public in order to strengthen mutual understanding and spiritual links between the Jews of Israel and the Diaspora.

#### K. ECONOMIC AFFAIRS

125. The Activities of the Economic Department for Encouragement of Middle-Class Immigration; the Constructive Funds

The 25th Zionist Coungress notes with great satisfaction the beneficial activities of the Economic Department for the encouragement of middle-class immigration and for the integration of such immigrants in Israel.

The Congress expresses its appreciation of the activities of the constructive funds associated with the Economic Department which have proved their effectiveness by lending great assistance to the absorption of immigrants, despite the limited financial resources at their disposal. The Congress deems it necessary that the capital of these funds should be increased in order to adapt them to the ever growing requirements of absorption of the middle-class immigration.

# 126. Encouragement of Middle-Class Immigration by Means of Legislation

The Congress sees the immigration of middle-class immigrants and those of the free professions from all countries as one of the main tasks of the Zionist Movement at the present and emphasizes the need for suitable legislation and making available organizational and financial means for the encouragement of such immigration.

Among other things the requisite legislation—parallel to the Law for the Encouragement of Capital Investment—should offer middle-class immigrants and members of the free professions rights and facilities in the transfer of capital and equipment, in import duties, property taxes and other dues.

# 127. The Need for a Financial Institution to Assist Middle-Class Immigrants to Liquidate Their Assets Abroad

The Congress sees the need for a financial institution to assist middleclass immigrants to liquidate their assets while they are still abroad and to finance their economic absorption in the country.

# 128. Concentration of Middle-Class Business Affairs in the Economic Department

The Economic Department shall be the central body responsible for dealing with the business affairs of immigrants from all countries wishing to make independent livelihoods. The Executive shall be responsible for the coordination of the activities of the Economic Department and the Absorption Department in matters affecting both Departments.

# 129. Establishment of a Joint Jewish Agency and Governmental Body for Dealing with Certain Absorption Problems

Aware of the need to coordinate and centralise the activities of Jewish Agency Departments and Government Departments concerned with the absorption of immigrants of certain categories, the Congress instructs the Executive to conduct negotiations with the Israel Government for the establishment of a joint coordinating body. The Executive shall report on the results of these negotiations to the next Zionist General Council.

### 130. Extension of "Rassco's" Activities in Middle-Class Absorption

In view of the great experience of Rassco, a Company of the Zionist Organization acting in the fields of settlement and absorption of the middle-class, the Congress recommends that this Company be encouraged to develop its activities for absorbing the middle-class, in coordination with the Economic Department and other Departments of the Executive, so as to increase middle-class immigration.

# 131. Israeli Shipping Companies and the "Israel Maritime League"

The Congress notes with appreciation the efforts made by the Israeli Shipping Companies for expanding the Merchant Fleet, which flies the Israeli Flag on the Seven Seas and is a vital link between Israel and the nations of the world, and between the Jewish State and the Jewish people in the Diaspora.

The Congress also pays tribute to the "Israel Maritime League" for its activities which have been carried on continuously for the past 13 years with the object of making the Jewish people sea-conscious, educating the youth for navigation and creating institutions and means of strengthening the maritime power of the State.

The Congress calls on the Zionist Movement everywhere to pay due attention to the maritime problems of Israel and to set up in each country a branch of the "Israel Maritime League."

#### L. FINANCE AND BUDGET

# 132. Budgets of the W.Z.O.-Jewish Agency Between the Two Congresses

The Congress takes note of the financial report for the period between the 24th and 25th Zionist Congress and notes with satisfaction that the annual budgets of the World Zionist Organization—Jewish Agency have been properly implemented.

# 133. Achievements of the Executive and its Treasurer in Strengthening the Financial Position of the W.Z.O.

The Congress expresses its appreciation of the achievements of the Executive and its Treasurer in strengthening the financial position of the Zionist Organization.

# 134. Appreciation of the Permanent Budget and Finance Committee's Work

The Congress expresses its thanks to the members of the Permanent Budget—and Finance Committee of the Zionist General Council for their devoted work in approving the annual budgets and dealing with the financial problems of the Executive.

### 135. Special Projects for Raising Funds

The Congress authorizes the Zionist Executive to coordinate and implement the special projects proposed by Zionist bodies to contributors in the various countries, with a view to avoiding harm to the income of the World Zionist Organization–Jewish Agency. In the absence of agreement with the bodies concerned, the Executive shall bring its recommendations before the Zionist General Council, whose decisions shall be binding upon all Zionist bodies.

# 136. Delegation of Powers in Budgetary Matters to the General Council

The Congress delegates its powers in budgetary matters to the Zionist General Council and authorizes it to discuss and decide upon all such matters in the inter-Congress period, either directly or—if it so decides—through the Permanent Budget and Finance Committee.

#### M. FUNDS AND CAMPAIGNS

### 137. Keren Hayesod-United Israel Appeal Raising of 1,000 Million Dollars Within Ten Years

The 25th Zionist Congress calls upon the Jewish people everywhere to be mindful of the historic duty of our generation and to meet the vital and urgent needs of the work of upbuilding performed in Israel by raising an amount of 1,000 m. dollars within the next ten years for the purpose of completing the settlement of the one million Jews who have already come to Israel and for ensuring the integration of an additional million. Let every Jew and every Jewish organization in the world regard it as their duty to multiply the income of the Keren Hayesod in all the countries in which it operates and the income of the United Israel Appeal in the United States.

Let this work be done with the utmost vigour, perseverance and dedication.

# 138. Exclusive Authority of the Keren Hayesod to Conduct Campaigns

The 25th Zionist Congress reaffirms the decision of the 23rd Congress that "the Keren Hayesod shall be the only fund of the Zionist Organization for the conducting of campaigns for Israel, both in Israel itself and in the Diaspora."

The Congress once again obligates all Zionist Organizations and institutions assisted in any measure by the Jewish Agency for Israel to refrain from all fund-raising campaigns whatsoever, except those approved by the Zionist Congress or by the Executive. Even in respect of such campaigns priority is to be given to the Keren Hayesod Appeal, paying attention to its slogans and dates and complying with the conditions and requirements of the Executive.

### 139. Fixing Minima for Contributions and for Quotas of Appeals

In order to maintain the level of the national tax for the Keren Hayesod, the Congress deems it imperative to fix a minimum contribution and a specific quota for the drive in each country. The amount of the contribution shall be determined by the National Committee of the drive in each country and approved by the Head Office of the Keren Hayesod.

### 140. The Special Duty of Zionists Towards the Appeal

The Congress makes it incumbent on every Zionist to set an example by his contribution to the Keren Hayesod and join the ranks of its workers, who carry on the task of raising funds for Zionist Budget by means of the drive. Anyone holding office in the Zionist Organization and its institutions shall first and foremost duly fulfil his duty towards the Keren Hayesod–United Israel Appeal to an appropriate extent.

### 141. Participation of the Young Generation

The Congress notes with satisfaction the active response of the young generation of the Keren Hayesod-United Israel Appeal. The Congress demands that the National Committee of the drive in every country encourage and intensify the drive organized by the young generation and have it participate in the organization, management and conduct of the general drive.

# 142. Appreciation of Workers, Contributors and Fund-Raisers of Keren Hayesod-United Israel Appeal

The Congress conveys its greetings and appreciation to the workers, contributors and subscription-raisers of the Keren Hayesod-United Israel Appeal, wherever they may be, and encourages them in their devoted work in consolidating the achievements of the Zionist Movement and the State and attracting new active forces eager to increase the contribution of world Jewry to the upbuilding and progress of Israel.

# 143. The Agreement Between the Government of Israel and the Zionist Executive and K.K.L., and the Land Authority Law, 5720—1960

The 25th Zionist Congress welcomes the conclusion of the negotiations between the Government of Israel on the one part and the Zionist Executive and the Board of Directors of the Keren Kayemet l'Israel on the other concerning land in Israel. The arrangement set out in the agreement concluded between the Government of Israel and the Keren Kayemet l'Israel has found its expression in the Israel Land Authority Law, 5720—1960, which confers upon the Israel Land Authority legal status required for carrying out its functions.

The Congress notes with great satisfaction that the agreement maintains the basic principle of the Keren Kayemet l'Israel that the land is the property of the nation and cannot be sold but can only be leased, and that this principle will henceforth apply also to State lands (other than lands the sale of which is permitted under the Israel Lands Law, 5720—1960).

The Congress stresses the great significance of this agreement, which concentrates land development throughout Israel in the hands of the Land Development Authority of the Keren Kayemet l'Israel.

The Congress calls upon devotees of Israel's soil and its settlement in Israel and in the Diaspora, to assist generously and wholeheartedly in the implementation of schemes for the development of land by:

- (a) making land fit for cultivation and settlement;
- (b) land reclamation;
- (c) extensive afforestation and drainage operations in all parts of the country for the enrichment of the national economy, the improvement of health, the embellishment of the land-scape and the increase of reserves of land fit for settlement, especially in the border regions.

### 144. Intensifying of Fund-Raising by Keren Kayemet l'Israel

In the interests of the implementation of its great and vital task of land development, the Keren Kayemet l'Israel is called upon to intensify its fund-raising activities by all the customary and traditional media (including testaments and legacies in all countries and "foundations" for the Keren Kayemet l'Israel in the United States). These funds shall be devoted entirely to purposes of land development.

# 145. Abolition of the Ceiling on Keren Kayemet l'Israel's Revenue in U.S.A.

The Congress confirms the Resolution passed by the Zionist General Council at its session in May-June 1959:—

"to charge the Zionist Executive with taking steps for the abolition of the ceiling on the revenue of the Keren Kayemet l'Israel in the United States."

#### 146. Strengthening of Keren Kayemet L'Israel's Activities

The Congress expresses its confidence that all members of the Executive, Ministers of the Government of Israel, Members of the Knesset and representatives of the State of Israel abroad, as well as every Zionist and Jew loyal to his people and the State of Israel, will assist in intensifying the activities of the Keren Kayemet l'Lsrael among all sections of the Jewish people in the Diaspora, in view of their vital importance to the development of the country.

### 147. Appreciation of Keren Kayemet L'Israel Workers

The Congress expresses great appreciation to Keren Kayemet l'Israel workers throughout the wold for their dedicated activity and calls upon them and upon Jewish communities everywhere to intensify their support of the work of the Keren Kayemet l'Israel.

# N. FURTHER REPRESENTATIVES ON THE GENERAL COUNCIL AND THE EXECUTIVE

# 148. Representation of the Union of Jewish Communities in the Argentine and Brazil

In accordance with the proposal of the Executive, the Congress resolves that the Union of Jewish Communities in Brazil shall have the right to appoint one representative in an advisory capacity to every session of the General Council.

### 149. Representation of Sephardic Jewry

The Congress expresses its consent that a representative of the Sephardic Jewry should be elected by the General Council as a member of the Executive in an advisory capacity.

# 150. Representation of Bodies which Will Join the W.Z.O. in the Future

The Congress expresses its agreement that the General Council, in accordance with a proposal of the Executive, should elect representatives of organizations which will join the World Zionist Organization in the future as members of the General Council in an advisory capacity, and if it sees fit, also as members of the Executive in an advisory capacity.

#### O. ELECTIONS

# 151. The President of the World Zionist Organization and Chairman of the Executive

#### Dr. Nachum Goldmann

#### 152. Executive

The Congress elects the following persons as members of the Executive up to the next session of the General Council:

Mr. David Beth Aryeh, Jerusalem

Mr. Eliyahu Dobkin, Jerusalem Mr. Leon Dultzin, Jerusalem

Mr. Levi Eshkol, Jerusalem

Dr. Israel Goldstein, Jerusalem

Mrs. S. W. Halprin, New York

Dr. Dov Joseph, Jerusalem

Rabbi Mordechai Kirshblum,

New York

Mr. Moshe Kol, Jerusalem

Mr. Chaim Levanon, Tel Aviv

Mr. Zvi Lurie, Jerusalem

Dr. Emanuel Neumann, New York

Mr. Louis Segal, New York

Mr. Moshe Sharett, JerusalemMr. Zalman Shazar, JerusalemMr. Shlomo Zalman Shragai,Jerusalem

Mr. Aaron Zisling, Ein Harod Mr. Abraham Shenker, New York (Deputy)

#### 153. Zionist General Council

The Congress elects the following persons as members of the General Council:

#### (1) Members

A. Virilists Mr. Itzhak Ben-Zvi, President of the State of Israel, Jerusalem Mr. Joseph Baratz, Degania Mr. Kurt Blumenfeld, Jerusalem Dr. Haim Boger, Tel Aviv Mr. Joseph Daleski, Johannesburg Prof. Benzion Dinur, Jerusalem Rabbi Dr. Simon Federbush, New York Mr. Leon Gelman, Jerusalem Mr. Shlomo Gepstein, Tel Aviv Rev. Jacob K. Goldbloom, London Mrs. Bessie Gotsfeld, Tel Aviv Mr. Yitzchak Gruenbaum, Kibutz Gan Shmuel Dr. Yehoshua Guvrin (Gruenbaum), Tel Aviv Mr. Neta Harpaz, Tel Aviv Mr. Abraham Hartzfeld, Tel Aviv Mr. Yitzchak Kubowitzky, Tel Aviv Mr. Leiser Lewin, Meshek Yagur Mrs. Irma L. Lindheim, Mishmar Haemek Mr. Louis Lipsky, New York Rabbi Y. L. Maimon, Jerusalem Dr. Shmuel Margoshes, New York Mr. Shabetai Miron (Mirenburg), Tel Aviv Mr. Fred Monosson, Brookline Mrs. Annita Muller-Cohen, Tel Aviv Mr. Aryeh Nahir, Kibutz Eilon Dr. Nahum Nir, Ramat Yitzchak

Rabbi Dr. Mordechai Nurock,

Dr. Isaac I. Schwarzbart, New York

Mr. Zeev Scheffer, Ayelet

Mrs. Rachel Shazar, Jerusalem Mr. Daniel Syrkes, Jerusalem Mr. Yaacov Uri, Nahalal Mr. Shmuel Yavneeli, Tel Aviv Mr. Shmuel Zakif, Tel Aviv Mr. Yaacov Zerubavel, Tel Aviv Mr. Baruch Zuckerman, Jerusalem B. Former Members of the Executive Mr. Yehuda Braginsky, Givat Hashlosha Mr. Meir Grossman, Herzlia C. World Union Poale-Zion (Z.S.).— Hitachdut Mr. Zalman Aranne, Jerusalem Mr. Meir Argov, Tel Aviv Mr. Shimon Avizemer, Tel Aviv Mr. Meyer L. Brown, New York Prof. André Chouraqui, Jerusalem Mr. Pinchas Cruso, New York Mr. Moe Falikman, New York Mr. Zvi Feinguersh, Buenos Aires Mrs. Blanche Fine, New York Mr. Isaac Goldenberg, Buenos Aires Mr. Leon Gomberoff, Santiago (Chile) Mrs. Mathilde Guez, Tel Aviv Mr. Chaim Gvati, Kvutzat Yifat Mr. Harold Joseph Hanson, Johannesburg Dr. S. B. Hurwich, Toronto Mr. Joseph Israeli, Afikim Mrs. Sara Kafri, Kfar Yehoshua Mr. Yona Kesse, Jerusalem Mr. Moshe Kitron, Tel Aviv Mrs. Clara Leff, Brooklyn Dr. Shneur Levenberg, London

Tel Aviv

Hashachar

Mr. Zwi Lewin, Paris

Mr. Berl Locker, Jerusalem

Dr. Samuel Malamud, Rio de Janeiro

Mr. Harold Miller, Edgeware (England)

Mr. Arieh Pinkus, Kfar Shmaryahu

Mr. Anselm Reiss, Tel Aviv

Mr. Israel Ritov, Tel Aviv

Mrs. Dvorah Rothbard, New York

Dr. Herman Seidel, Baltimore

Mr. Hayim Shurer, Tel Aviv

Mrs. Yehudit Simchoni, Kibutz Geva

Mr. Jacob Tsur, Jerusalem

D. World Confederation of General Zionists (Dr. I. Goldstein — Mrs. Rose Halprin)

Mr. Jacob Bronfman, Buenos Aires

Mr. Lawrence Freiman, Ottawa

Dr. Miriam K. Freund, New York

Mrs. Esther Gottesman, New York

Mr. E. J. Horowitz, Johannesburg

Mrs. Charlotte Jacobson, New York

Sir Barnett Janner, London

Mrs. Siegfried Kramarsky, New York

Judge Louis E. Levinthal, Philadelphia

Mr. Woolf Perry, London

Mrs. Max Schenk, Brooklyn

Mr. Ezra Z. Shapiro, Cleveland

Mrs. Herman Shulman, New York

Mr. Melech Topiol, Paris

Mrs. Raphael Tourover, Washington

Dr. Marcos Vodovotz, Buenos Aires

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Mr. Shmuel Epstein, Tel Aviv

Mr. André Narboni, Algiers

K. W.I.Z.O.

Mrs. Rosa Ginossar, Jerusalem (with voting right)
Mrs. Rebecca Sieff, Tel Aviv (with voting right)
Mrs. Raya Jaglom, Tel Aviv (without voting right)

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Montevideo

C. World Confederation of General Zionists (Dr. Emanuel Neumann)

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D. Mizrachi-Hapoel Hamizrachi

Mr. Aron Beker, Tel Aviv

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Mr. Isi Joseph Leibler, Caulfield (Australia)

Rabbi Issaschar Levin, Trenton Mr. Daniel Levy, Bat Yam Mr. Hyman Solly Liebgott, Johannesburg

Mr. Abraham Melamed, Nir Etzion Mrs. Natalie Reznikow, New York Rabbi Pinchas Roitman, Paris Dr. Naphtali Stern, Ramat Gan Rabbi Isaac Stollman, Oak Park (Michigan)

Rabbi Katriel Fishell Tchursch, Tel Aviv

Rabbi M. I. Ushpizai, Ramat Gan Mr. Elias Wainrach, Montevideo Mr. Shlomo Zimroni, Bnei Brak

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Dr. Emanuel Cohen, Tel Aviv

Mr. Moshe Dayan, Buenos Aires

Mr. Beinesh Epstein, New York

Mr. Salomon Friedrich, Paris

Mr. Yehoshua Gertner, Antwerpen

Mr. Arnold Golembo, Johannesburg

Mr. Samuel Hendel, Montevideo

Mr. Zvi Hermoni, Nordia

Dr. Meir Kahan, Tel Aviv

Mr. Raphael Kotlowitz, Tel Aviv

Mr. Chiel Leszcz, Montevideo

Mr. Benjamin Rosental, Mexico

Mr. David Rubinstein, Mexico

Dr. Israel Sclolnicov, Rio de Janeiro

Mr. Nathan Silver, Toronto

Mr. Sigmund Stock, Melbourne

Mr. Szabsi Szichman, Tel Aviv

Dr. Emanuel Treller, Tel Aviv

Dr. Shimshon Younitchman, Tel Aviv

F. World Union of Mapam

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Dr. Yeshayahu Austri-Dan, Mexico

Mr. Abraham Berniker, Windsor (Canada)

Mr. Henry-Herc Bulawko, Paris

Mrs. Numa Eisenzweig, Tel Aviv

Mrs. Chaike Grosman, Kibutz Evron Mrs. Feiga Ilanit, Kibutz Gan Shmuel

Dr. Moshe Jedwab, Montevideo

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Dr. Raphael Mahler, Jerusalem

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Mr. Aron Piudik, Buenos Aires

Dr. David Roizin, Buenos Aires

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#### G. World Union of Achdut Ha'avoda -Poale Zion

Mr. Avraham Arest, Jerusalem

Mr. Yerachmiel Assa, Kibutz Hulata

Mr. Israel Bar-Yehuda, Kibutz Yagur

Mr. André Isaac Canoui, Algiers

Mr. Abram Domb, Brusselles

Mr. H. Green, Toronto

Mrs. Shulamit Klebanov, Tel Aviv

Mr. Jacob Menelsohn, Tel Aviv

Mr. Zeev Shapiro, Nof Yam (Herzlia)

Mr. Szlomo Szweizer, Paris

Mr. David Tabacznik, Petach Tikva

Mr. Jaime Warzager, Montevideo

#### H. Progressive Party

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Mr. Nissim Eliad, Tel Aviv

Mr. Yechiel Hariff, Alonei Yitzchak

Mr. Yitzchak Nenner, Jerusalem

Mr. Yeshayahu Shay, Kibutz

Ein Hashlosha

Mr. Baruch Uziel, Tel Aviv

### I. W.I.Z.O.

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Dr. Hanna Gelber, Jerusalem

Mrs. Fay Grove-Pollak, Tel Aviv

Mrs. Tonie Hauser-Zeisler, Tel Aviv

Mrs. Rachel Kagan, Haifa

Dr. S. Levite, Tel Aviv

#### 154. Legal Bodies

The Congress elects the following persons as members of the Legal Bodies:

#### 1. CONGRESS COURT

#### CHAIRMAN

Judge Dr. Shimon Agranat, Jerusalem

#### DEPUTY-CHAIRMAN

Prof. Benjamin Akzin, Jerusalem Adv. Hayim Krongold, Jerusalem Dr. David Merez, Jerusalem Adv. Samuel Ussishkin, Jerusalem

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Dr. Yaakov Schechter, Tel Aviv
Judge Dr. Benzion Shershewsky,
Jerusalem
Adv. Yitzchak Shvo, Tel Aviv
Dr. Saul Sokal, New York
Adv. Abraham Tory, Tel Aviv
Mr. Zvi Yehuda, Nahalal

# 2. ATTORNEY OF THE WORLD ZIONIST ORGANISATION Mr. Pinchas Rosen, Jerusalem

Deputy-Attorneys of the World Zionist Organization
Adv. H. Klementynovsky, Tel Aviv Adv. Joseph Kushnier, Haifa

#### 155. The Comptroller

The Congress elects Mr. Shmuel Rappaport as Comptroller of the World Zionist Organization—Jewish Agency for Israel.

#### LIST OF MEMBERS OF THE 25TH CONGRESS

#### I. MEMBERS OF CONGRESS WITH VOTING RIGHTS

#### A. Delegates

#### **ABBREVIATIONS**

Ach-Av — World Union of Achdut Ha'avoda-Poale Zion

Gen Z (G H) — World Confederation of General Zionists (Chairmen: Dr. Israel Goldstein & Mrs. Rose Halprin)

Gen Z (N) — World Confederation of General Zionists (Chairman: Dr. Emanuel Neumann)

Her-Z — World Union of Herut-Hatzohar

Ihud -- Ihud Olami Poale Zion (Z S) -- Hitachdut

Mapam — World Union of Mapam

Miz — Mizrahi-Hapoel Hamizrahi

Progr — Progressive Party Unaf — Unaffiliated

Delegates marked # market district Committee

Delegates marked \* resigned during Congress and were replaced by Deputy-Delegates.

Abramovitz, Mrs. Sara; Brazil, Gen Z (N) Adini, Mrs. Lea; Israel, Miz\* Adler, Joseph; World List, Gen Z (N) Adler, Mrs. Milton M.; U.S.A., Gen Z Agmon, Reuven; Israel, Ihud Almogi, Josef; Israel, Ihud Alon, Chaim; Israel, Mapam Altman, Mrs. Zipora; Israel, Her-Z\* Amar, Moshe; Israel, Mapam Amitai, Jacob; Israel, Gen Z (N) Apt, Dr. Wolfgang; Bolivia, Gen Z Aran, Zalman; Israel, Ihud Arest, Avraham; Israel, Ach-Av Argov, Meir; Israel, Ihud Ariav, Shlomo; Israel, Her-Z Aronowitz, Kalman; U.S.A., Ach-Av\*
Asaf, Ami; Israel, Ihud
Aslan, Benyamin; Israel, Ihud
Assa, Jerachmiel; Israel, Ach-Av Auerbach, Yoshua; Brazil, Gen Z (N) Aufrichtig, Juan; Chile, Mapam Austri-Dan, Dr. Yeshayahu; Mexico, Mapam\* Avidov, Iani; Israel, Ihud Avissar, David; Israel, Ihud Avizemer, Shimon; Israel, Ihud Avniel, Mordechai; U.S.A., Her-Z Avniel, Mrs. Nechama; U.S.A., Her-Z Azencot, David; Algeria, Progr Azory, Yaacov; Israel, Ihud Azoulay, Yossef; Israel, Ihud Bader, Yochanan; Israel, Her-Z Balkanyi, Zoltan; Israel, Gen Z (N) Bariach, Ephraim; Israel, Ihud Bar-Nir, Dov; Israel, Mapam

Bar Yehuda, Israel; Israel, Ach-Av Baumgold, Zev; U.S.A., Ihud Begin, Menachem; Israel, Her-Z Belkind, Eitan; Israel, Her-Z Ben Abraham, Abraham; World List, Her-Z Benfey, Dr. Alice; Australia, Unaf\* Ben-Gurion, David; Israel, Ihud Ben Itzhak, Eliahu; Israel, Ihud Benjamin, Mrs. Julliet; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H) Bercovich, Iaacov; Argentina, Ihud Bergman, Sam; U.S.A., Ihud Berke, Sam; U.S.A., Ihud Berlin, Mrs. Gertrude; U.S.A., Ihud Berman, Karl; Sweden, Ihud Bernfeld, Marcel; France, Gen Z (N)\*Berniker, Abe; U.S.A., Mapam Bernstein, Maurice; England, Gen Z (G H)\* Bernstein, Peretz; Israel, Gen Z (N) Bessin, Hyman; Canada, Miz Bessin, Mrs. Marion; Canada, Miz Bialik, Mrs. Clara; U.S.A., Ihud Biderman, I. M.; U.S.A., Ihud Biederman, Solomon; U.S.A., Gen Z (N) Bitnun, Isaac; South Africa, Ihud Blank, Rachmil; France, Ihud Blech, Rabbi Samuel; U.S.A., Miz Bleetman, Norman; England, Ihud Blumberg, J.; Israel, Miz Bonfiglioli, Dr. Renzo; Italy, Mapam Bonne, Morcys; Israel, Ihud Bornstein, Aba; World List, Miz Bornstein, Idy; Sweden, Miz

Brafman, Moris; U.S.A., Her-Z\* Bram, Mrs. Norman H.; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H) Brand, Chaim; U.S.A., Ach-Av\*
Brandt, Mrs. Milly; U.S.A., Ihud Bressler, Max; U.S.A., Gen Z (N) Brody, Dr. Avraham; Sweden, Gen Z (G H) Bursk, Mrs. Anita; England, Gen Z (G H)\* Burson, Mrs. Leo; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H) Bursztyn, Benjamin; U.S.A., Ihud Busch, Carl; Germany, Gen Z (N)\* Canoui, André; Algeria, Ach-Av Carmely, Harold W.; U.S.A., Gen Z (N) Carpi, Avv. Leone; Italy, Her-Z Chanan, E.; England, Gen Z (GH)\* Chaskin, Izjak; Israel, Ihud Chouraqui, Prof. André; Israel, Ihud Chrust, Joseph; Israel, Her-Z\* Cohen, Benno; Israel, Progr Cohen, Mrs. Charles T.; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H) Cohen, Dr. Emanuel; Israel, Her-Z Cohen, Harry; South Africa, Gen Z (G H) Cohen, Mrs. Harry; Canada, Gen Z (G H) Cohen, Jan; Israel, Gen Z (N) Cohen, K. C.; England, Ihud Cohen, Mrs. Leonard D.; U.S.A. Gen Z (G H) Cohen, Mrs. Lily; Israel, Ihud Cohen, Rabbi Bezalel; Israel. Miz\* Cohen, Reuben; Israel, Ach-Av Constantinis, Raphael; Greece, Gen Z (G H) Cynowicz, H.; India, Gen Z (G H) Cypel, Jacob; France, Ihud Czenstochowski, Walter; Venezuela, Ihud Czigel, Abraham; Israel, Ihud Dana, Mrs. Leo I.; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H) Dany, Abraham; Israel, Miz\* Darin, Dr. Haim; Israel, Mapam\* David, Sandu; Israel, Ihud Davidkin, Isay; Finland, Gen Z (N) De Sola Pool, Mrs. David; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H) De Vries, Dr. I. S.; Holland, Gen Z (G H) Distenfeld, Bernardo; World List, Gen Z (N) Djian, Mrs. Gilberte; Algeria, Mapam Dott, Emanuel; U.S.A., Gen Z (N)\* Domb, Abraham; World List, Ach-Av Dorfman, Mrs. William K.; U.S.A. Gen Z (G H) Drache, Sauel J., Q.C.; Canada; Dumas, Isaac; South Africa, Her-Z Duvdevani, Baruch; Algeria, Miz Dyckman, Mrs. Moses; U.S.A., Miz Ebin, Mrs. Debora S.; U.S.A., Miz Edlin, Joseph; U.S.A., Gen Z (N) Eiland, Reuben; Israel, Ihud Eilath, Eliahu; Israel, Ihud Eisen, Jesse; U.S.A., Miz Eisenstat, Mrs. Charles; Representation of Wizo Eisenzweig, Numa; World List, Mapam Elinson, Judah; Israel, Miz Elkana, Benjamin; Israel, Ihud Ellis, John; England, Gen Z (G H)\* Epstein, Beinish; U.S.A., Her-Z Epstein, Idel; Mexico, Gen Z (G H) Epstein, Mrs. Moses P.; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H) Erem, Moshe; Israel, Ach-Av\* Ettinger, Shoolem; U.S.A., Gen Z (N) Fainerman, Uzy; Israel, Ihud Faingersh, Zvi; Argentina, Ihud Falikman, Moe; U.S.A., Ihud Falk, Louis A.; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H)\* Feder, Dr. Sara; U.S.A., Ihud\* Feldman, Mrs. James; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H) Fierst, Mrs. Harry; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H) Fingerhut, Rabbin M. A.; France, Miz Fisher, Mendel N.; U.S.A., Gen Z (N) Fleminger, Dr. Isidor; Colombia, Mapam\* Fliegel, Hyman J.; U.S.A., Gen Z (N) Frank, Joseph N.; Canada, Gen Z (G H) Freilich, Max; Australia, Gen Z (N) Freiman, Lawrence; Canada, Gen Z GH) Freund, Dr. Miriam K.; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H) Friedman, Rabbi Israel; U.S.A., Miz Friedman, Y.; Canada, Ihud Friedrich, Salomon; Israel, Her-Z Gadish, Josef; Israel, Ihud Gafni, Dr. Reuven; U.S.A., Miz Gezang, Herzl; Argentina, Gen Z Ghanassia, Dr.; Algeria, Ihud Gilbert, Mrs. Jennie Z.; Ireland, Unaf

Gingold, Bernard; U.S.A., Ihud Gingold, David; U.S.A., Ihud\* Gingold, Mrs. Miriam; U.S.A., Ihud Ginsberg, Julius; U.S.A., Ihud Ginsbourg, Dr. Benjamin; France, Mapam Glantz, Leib; Israel, Ihud Glanz, Yaacov; Mexico, Ihud Glasserman, Ing. Oscar; World List, Gen Z (G H) Glazer, Arie; Israel, Miz Goelman, Eliezer; Israel, Miz Gold, Arié; Argentina, Íhud\* Gold, Moshe; Israel, Her-Z\* Goldberg, Mrs. Hannah; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H) Goldberg, N.; Argentina, Ihud Goldenberg, Dr. Itzjak; Argentina, Ihud Goldfarb, Matías; Argentina, Ach-Av\* Goldman, Mrs. Henry; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H) Goldstein, Mrs. Bert; U.S.A., Ihud Goldstein, Mrs. Dora; Representation of Wizo Goldstein, Moshe; Israel, Miz Goldstein, Mrs. Samuel; U.S.A., Miz Gomberoff, León; Chile, Ihud Goodman, Ellis; U.S.A., Gen Z (N) Gorelik, Prof. Bernardo; Argentina, Her-Z Gottesman, Mrs. Benjamin; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H) Gourgey, Percy Sasson; England, Ihud Grajek, Shalom; Israel, Ach-Av\* Granek, Sol. D.; Canada, Gen Z (G H) Green, H.; Canada, Ach-Av Greenbaum, Mrs. Flora; U.S.A., Grinberg, Dr. Hadassah; Representation of Wizo Grinberg, Mozes, Israel; Her-Z\* Grinstein, Victor; Chile, Gen Z (N) Grünberger, Dr. Joseph; Austria, Miz Gudansky, Mrs. Bertha; England, Gen B (G H)\* Guez, Mrs. Matilde: Israel, Ihud Guez, Mrs. Orah; Israel, Ihud Gvaty, Chaim; Israel, Ihud Hacohen, Eliezer; Israel, Mapam Haklai, Zeev; Israel, Ihud Halperin, Yehoshua; France, Her-Z Halprin, Mrs. Samuel W.; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H) Hamerman, Mrs. Joseph; U.S.A.,

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Gen Z (G H)\*

Keller, Heinrich; Austria, Gen Z (N) Kenner, Dr. Edgar; World List, Her-Z Kerem, Moshe; Israel, Ihud Kesse, Yona; Israel, Ihud Kestelman, Mrs. Ahuva; Representation of Wizo Kirschenzweig, Haim; Belgium, Ihud\* Kirshblum, Mrs. Mordecai; U.S.A., Kirshblum, Rabbi Usher I.; U.S.A., Gen Z (N)\* Klementynovsky, H.; Israel, Progr.\* Klimovsky, David; Argentina, Miz Kneller, Moshe; Belgium, Miz Kohen, Hilel; Israel, Ihud Kohen, Israel; Israel, Ihud Kohen, Yohanan; Israel, Prog\* Kohen, Zeharia; Israel, Ihud Kohn, Isaac; Venezuela, Gen Z (N) Komkommer, Joseph; Belgium, Her-Z\* Kopenhagen, Dr. Isaac; Brazil, Ihud Kotek, Ing. Leibish; Brazil, Mapam Kotlowitz, Raphael; Israel, Her-Z Kramarsky, Siegfried; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H) Kramarsky, Mrs. Siegfried; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H) Kramerman, Joseph; Israel, Her-Z\* Krispin, Haim; Israel, Ihud Kritzman, Max; Israel, Her-Z\* Krone, Moshe; Israel, Miz Kronitz, Leon; Canada, Ihud Krupnick, Samson; U.S.A., Miz Kubovy, Dr. A. L.; Israel, Ihud Lahav, Nathan; Israel, Ihud Landau, Haim; Israel, Her-Z Landesmann, L.; Holland, Miz Landy, Mrs. Gertrud; World List, Miz Langer, Miss Rena; England, Ihud Laskov, Mrs. Zipora; Israel, Ach-Av\* Lavon, Pinhas; Israel, Ihud Lazar, Benjamin; Israel, Her-Z\* Lebor, Mrs. Naomi; Israel, Ihud\* Lederman, M.; England, Gen Z (G H) Leibler, Isi; Australia, Miz Leibovich, Rafael; Argentina, Ihud Leff, Mrs. Clara; U.S.A., Ihud Lefko, Mrs. Jennie; U.S.A., Ihud Lefkowitz, Jack; U.S.A., Gen. Z (N)\*Lenk, Kurt; Ecuador, Gen Z (N) Lerman, Mordechay; France, Ach-Av\* Leve, Samuel; U.S.A., Ihud Levi, Dr. Harry H.; U.S.A., Her-Z Levi, Kalman; Israel, Ihud

Levin, Rabbi Issachar; U.S.A., Miz Levin, Nahum; Israel, Her-Z Levine, Alex; South Africa, Gen Z (G H)Levine, Dr. Harris J.; U.S.A., Gen Z (N)\* Levinsky, Akiva; Israel, Ihud Levinson, Mrs. Chava; Brazil, Ihud Levinson, Dr. Marcus; U.S.A., Gen Z Levinthal, Mrs. Louis E.; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H) Levy, Eliahu S.; Israel, Her-Z\* Levy, Yoshua; İsrael, İhud Lewin, Zvi; France, Ihud Lewis, Mrs. Joshua; U.S.A., Miz Liberman, Abraham; Uruguay, Ihud Lichtenstein, Yeshaiahu; Uruguay, Her-Z Liebgott, Hymie Solly; South Africa, Miz\* Lipsky, Eliezer; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H)\* Lopez, Dr. Guido; Italy, Ihud Löwenstein-Lavi, Dr. Theodor; Israel, Thud Lubliner, Zvi; Israel, Mapam Luksenbourg, Aron; France, Gen Z Lusterman, Mrs. Edward E.; U.S.A. Gen Z (G H) Luz, Kadish; Israel, Ihud Mack, Mrs. Irving; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H) Mahler, Dr. Raphael; Israel, Mapam Maimon, Mrs. Ada; Israel, Ihud Maldavsky, Miguel; Chile, Gen Z (N) Malkin, Dr. Izhak, France, Ihud Manaster, A.; Belgium, Ihud Manski, Samuel; U.S.A., Gen Z (N) Mansur, Shlomo; Israel, Ihud Marantz, Shalom; Australia, Ihud Marshov, Dr. Aaron; Israel, Ihud\* Marx, Karl; Germany, Gen Z (G H)\* Massey, Benjamin; U.S.A., Ihud Matalon, Nataniel; Israel, Gen Z (N) Matzkin, Mrs. Max; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H) Mazur, Arie; Israel, Ihud Mechanic, Mrs. Mayer; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H) Meiselman, Mrs. Benjamin; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H) Melamed, Abraham; Israel, Miz Meltzer, Leon; U.S.A., Ihud Menahem, Mrs. Lilly; Israel, Ihud Mercer, Julian; Australia, Gen Z (N) Meth, Mrs. Max; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H)

Miller, Harold; England, Ihud Miller, Rabbi Irwing; U.S.A., Gen Z Milman, Dov; Israel, Her-Z\* Moskowitz, David; U.S.A., Gen Z (N)\*Munter, Mrs. Sidney; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H) Mushnik, Dr. Meir; Argentina, Gen Z (N)\* Nachmani, Haim; Israel, Miz\* Neiman, Mrs. Esther; Argentina, Ihud Nes, Joseph Moshe; Iran, Miz Netzer, Shraga; Israel, Ihud Neudörfer, Lipe; Israel, Gen Z (N) Neumann, Dr. Emanuel; U.S.A., Gen Z (N) Nitzany, Jacob; Israel, Ihud Nussbaum, Dr. Max; U.S.A., Gen Z Oksenberg, Moshé; Uruguay, Miz\* Olesker, Dov; Uruguay, Gen Z (N) Omidbar, Manozer; Iran, Ihud Oren, Mordekhai; Israel, Mapam Oryan, Mayer; Israel, Miz\* Ostroviecky, Henrique; Brazil, Ihud Padawer, Berish; U.S.A., Miz\* Patt, Gideon; U.S.A., Gen Z (N) Pearl, Mrs. Rachel; U.S.A., Ihud Pekatch, Pesah; Israel, Ihud Perlman, Mrs. Nathan D.; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H) Perry, Woolf; England, Gen Z (G H) Pinner, Dr. Ludwig; Israel, Progr\* Piudik, Arón; Argentina, Mapam Pollak, Israel; Chile, Ihud Proujansky, Dr. L.; Israel, Ihud Rabinovitsch, Misha; Israel, Ach-Av Rabinovitz, Samuel; South Africa, Gen Z (G H) Rabinowitz, Mrs. Simcha; U.S.A., Miz Rachamim, Dr. Nuriel; Iran, Ach-Av Radzichovski, Ing. Najman; Argentina, Ihud Radzinsky, Miguel: Peru, Ihud Rafalin, Rabbi D. S.; Mexico, Miz Rakach, Avigdor; Israel, Ihud Rapoport, Meir; Israel, Ihud Razili, Haim; Israel, Progr\* Redelheim, Abraham A.; U.S.A., Gen. Z (N) Reischer, Alfred; World List, Her-Z Richer, Mrs. Archibald; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H) Riebenfeld, Dr. Paul; U.S.A., Gen Z Riven, Mrs. William; Canada, Gen Z (G H)

Rivlin, Joseph; Israel, Gen Z (N) Rivlin, Moshe S.; U.S.A., Gen Z (N) Robbins, Dr. Morton J.; U.S.A., Gen Z (N) Roitman, Rabbin Pinhas; France, Roizin, Dr. David; Argentina, Mapam Rosenbaum, Pinchas; Switzerland, Rosenberg, Nathan E.; South Africa, Gen Z (G H) Rosenblatt, Judge Bernard A.; U.S.A., Gen Z (N)\* Rosenfeld, Jos B.; Belgium, Mapam Rosenstein, Mrs. Louis; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H) Rosental, Benjamin; Mexico, Her-Z Rosenzweig, Dr. D. Z.; Israel, Miz Rothbard, Mrs. Dvora; U.S.A., Ihud Rothberg, Samuel; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H)\* Rothenberg, Nathaniel; U.S.A., Gen Z (N)\* Rozen, Shlomo; Israel, Mapam Rozenbach, José; Peru, Gen Z (N) Ruben, Dr. Herbert; New Zealand, Gen Z (N) Sagalowitz, Dr. B.; Switzerland, Ihud Sage, Dr. Maurice S.; U.S.A., Miz Salpeter, Mrs. High; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H) Sandel, Leo; Israel, Ihud Saphir, Joseph; Israel, Gen Z (N) Sasson, Isaac; Israel, Ach-Av\* Scetebon, Elie; France, Gen Z (GH)\* Schaumann, Rabbi David; Italy, Miz Schenk, Mrs. Max; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H) Schickler, Zeev; Israel, Progr\* Schiff, Albert; U.S.A., Gen Z (N)\* Schlang, Dr. David; Austria, Ihud Schlesinger, Mrs. Victor; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H) Schoolman, Mrs. Albert P.; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H) Schudroff, Abraham; U.S.A., Ihud Sclar, I.; England, Gen Z (G H)\* Scolnicov, Israel; Brazil, Her-Z Segalovich, Jacob; France, Miz Seidel, Hillel; Israel, Progr\* Serlin, Joseph; Israel, Gen G (N) Shaari, Yehuda; Israel, Progr\* Shachar, Ram; Israel, Ihud Shamir, Bunim; Israel, Mapam Shapira, Eliezer; Mexico, Gen Z (N) Shapira, Isaac; Israel, Ihud Shapira, Joseph; Israel, Ihud Shapiro, Edgar; Brazil, Mapam

Shapiro, Mrs. Ezra: U.S.A., Gen Z (G H) Shapiro, Zeev; Israel, Ach-Av Sharett, Moshe; Israel, Ihud Shechterman, Abraham; Israel, Her-Z Sheftel, Arie; Israel, Ihud Sheinman, Pinhas; Israel, Miz\* Shipton, Sidney L.; England, Gen Z (G H) Shlonsky, Abraham; Israel, Mapam Shmueli, Dr. Efraim; Israel, Ihud Shostak, Eliezer; Israel, Her-Z Shpilfoigel, Dr. Yeshaiahu: Argentina, Ach-Av. Shubow, Rabbi Joseph S.; U.S.A., Gen Z (N) Shulman, Mrs. Herman; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H) Shuster, Judah; Israel. Ihud Shwartz, Naphtali: Israel, Ihud Siegal, David; U.S.A., Ihud\* Silk, Donald; England, Gen Z (G H) Silver, Nathan; Canada, Her-Z Silverman, Sidney, M.P.; England, Mapam Sitkoff, Louis; U.S.A., Gen Z (N) Slomowitz, Philip; U.S.A., Gen Z (N) Sohar, Zvi; Israel, Mapam Soliman, Haim; Iran, Ihud Soroka, Hanoch; Israel, Ihud Spar, Samuel; U.S.A., Miz Spector, Mrs. Carl; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H) Stern, Mrs. Juliette; Representation of Wizo Stock, Sigmund; Australia, Her-Z Stollman, Rabbi Isaac; U.S.A., Miz Strigler, Mordecai; U.S.A., Ihud Sultanik, Kalman; World List, Gen Z (G H) Surkis, Mordechai; Israel, Ihud Szweicer, Szlomo; World List, Ach-Av Szwertak, Aron; France, Gen Z (GH)\* Tabacznik, David; Israel, Ach-Av Tabenkin, Yitzchak; Israel, Ach-Av\* Talmi, Mrs. Ema; Israel, Mapam Tauman, Peretz; U.S.A., Ihud Tchursch, Rabbi K. F.; Israel, Miz Teichmann, Haim; Israel, Gen Z (N) Teller, Benjamin; U.S.A., Ihud Tenenbaum, Dr. Joseph; U.S.A., Gen Z (N) Tirosh, Y.; Israel, Miz Torczyner, Jacques; U.S.A., Gen Z Treller, Dr. Emanuel; Israel, Her-Z Trope, Harry; South Africa, Ihud

Tsour, Zeev: Israel, Ach-Av Tzachar, Moses; Israel, Ihud Usdan, Mrs. Israel; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H) Ushpizai, Rabbi M. I.; Israel, Miz\* Vainer, Zev; Israel, Ihud
Vainsenker, Samuel; Uruguay,
Gen Z (G H)
Van Tijn, Dr. Bernard; Holland, Ihud Verdi, Jack; U.S.A., Gen Z (N) Viterbo, Carlo Alberto; Italy, Gen Z (G H) Vodovoz, Dr. Markus; Argentina, Gen Z (G H) Volson, Sender; Cuba, Ihud Warzager, Jaime; Uruguay, Ach-Av Weijel, Dr. J. A.; Holland, Ihud Weingarten, Rabbi David; U.S.A., Miz Weinshall, B.; Israel, Gen Z (N) Weintraub, Dr. Emilio; World List, Gen Z (G H) Weiss, Icchak; Israel, Gen Z (N) Weissmann, Julia; Brazil. Ach-Av Weitz, Louis; U.S.A., Ach-Av\* Weitz, Ranan; Israel, Ihud West, Benjamin; Israel, Ihud Wigder, Samuel; U.S.A., Gen Z (N) Wilon, Joseph; U.S.A., Miz Winick, Ben R.; U.S.A., Gen Z (N) Wisotzky-Krinski, Mrs. Ida; Israel, Mapam Wohlman, Dr. Leon; Switzerland, Gen Z (N) Woll. Harry L.: U.S.A., Ihud Woolfson, Edward; England, Gen Z (G H) Woolwich, Dr. H.; England, Ihud Wyler, Dr. Veit; Switzerland, Mapam Yaabetz. Rabbi Ovadya; Israel, Miz\* Yaari, Gershon; Israel, Miz Yaffe, Richard: U.S.A., Mapam Yelin, Isaac; Israel, Her-Z Younitchman, Dr. Shimshon; Israel, Her-Z Yungman, Shlomo; Israel, Her-Z\* Yutan, David; Israel, Her-Z Zackler, Mrs. Esther, U.S.A., Ihud Zaguer, Mrs. Rosa; World List, Ihud Zakai, Avner; Israel, Progr\* Zaltzman, Moses: Israel, Ihud Zambrowsky, Rabbi S. M.; Canada, Miz Zelman, Hirsch; Argentina, Ach-Av Zilberberg, Abraham; Israel, Ihud Zilberman, Meir; Israel, Ihud Zimand, David; Israel, Progr\* Zisling, Aaron: Israel, Ach-Av Zneerson, P.; Israel, Mapam

#### B. DEPUTY-DELEGATES APPOINTED DURING CONGRESS

#### INSTEAD OF DELEGATES WHO RESIGNED

Almagor, Eli; U.S.A., Gen Z (N) Amidror, Mrs. Zila; Israel, Her-Z Amrani, Yechia; Israel, Her-Z Anolik, Mrs. Sylvia; U.S.A., Ihud Appelbaum, Isaac; Israel, Her-Z Artzi, Itzchak; Israel, Progr Bar-Levav, Yitzchak; Israel, Progr Batz, Meir; Israel, Ihud Becker, Aaron; Israel, Miz. Belfer, Dr. Francisco; Argentina, Gen Z (N) Berlove, Mrs. Lester; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H) Beth-Halevi, Israel David; Israel, Brunner, Rabbi Joseph; South Africa, Miz Cohen, Ben-Zion; Israel, Her-Z Cohen, Janus; England, Gen Z (G H) Daniel, Eliahu; Israel, Mapam Danieli, Chaim; U.S.A., Gen Z (N) Davies, Samuel; England, Gen Z (G H) Dembinsky, Isaac; Argentina, Ihud De Rinsky, Dr. Sofia; Argentina, Gen Z (N) Eliad, Nissim; Israel, Progr Eliner, Mrs. Dvora; Israel, Miz Estreicher, Zeev; Israel, Progr Fattel, Reuben; Israel, Miz Fitchman, Mrs. Fritzi; Australia, Unaf Fox, Dr. I. S.; England, Gen Z (G H) Gibelber, Abraham; Israel, Ach-Av Gidansky, Heyman; U.S.A., Ach-Av Ginsburgh, Abraham; U.S.A., Gen Z (N)Goldstein, Dr. Israel; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H) Gottlib, Shimshon; Uruguay, Miz Groman, Jacob; U.S.A., Gen Z (N) Gryffal, Ygal; Israel, Her-Z Gur-Arieh, Zvi; Israel, Her-Z Guttmann, Herman; Germany, Gen Z (N) Haboucha, Eliahu; Israel, Her-Z Halevy, I.; England, Gen Z (G H) Har-Zahav, Yakir; Israel, Her-Z Hoffmann, Jacob; U.S.A., Gen Z (N) Jacobson, Godel; U.S.A., Ach-Av Jaffe, Maurice A.; Israel, Miz Kahan, Dr. Meir; Israel, Her-Z

Kieselstein, Moshe: U.S.A., Gen Z (N)Klarman, Joseph; U.S.A., Her-Z Klebanoff, Mrs. Shulamit; Israel, Ach-Av Kochavi, Mrs. Agatha: Israel. Progr Kopelowitz, Aaron; Israel, Miz Kopelowitz, Dr. Lionel; England. Gen Z (G H) Kovensky, Dr. Jonas; Argentina, Ach-Av Krupnick, Mrs. Lea; U.S.A., Miz Langnas, Dr. Shaul; Israel, Progr Lerner, Marcos; Colombia, Ihud Levanon, Chaim; Israel, Gen Z (N) Levinthal, Judge Louis E.; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H) Levy, Daniel; Israel, Miz Lewkowicz, Nesanel: Belgium, Gen Z (N) Lisman, Rabbi Mordechai; Israel, Her-Z Lowenthal, David: U.S.A., Gen Z (N) Margoshes, Dr. Samuel; U.S.A., Gen Z (N) Melamdovich, David; Israel, Her-Z Meltzer, Mrs. Miriam; U.S.A., Ihud Mendelsohn, Jacob; Israel, Ach-Av Otiker, Israel; Israel, Ach-Av Paamony, Dr. Joseph; Israel, Her-Z Pekler, Herman; Israel, Her-Z Penchina, Ch.; U.S.A., Ach-Av Rabinovitz, N. N.; England, Gen Z (G H) Reiter, Alexander; France, Gen Z (N)Rosenberg, Samuel; France, Gen Z (G H) Rubinstein, Meir; Mexico, Mapam Schwarz, Ing. Stefan; Germany, Ihud Schwarzbart, Dr. Isaac I.; U.S.A., Gen Z (N) Shapira, Mrs. Estela; Representation of Wizo Shapiro, Ezra Z.; U.S.A., Gen Z (G H)Shay, Yeshayau; Israel, Progr Sheinberg, Joseph; U.S.A., Gen Z Shochetman, Meir; Israel, Miz Silberfarb, Sholem; Israel, Miz

Stein, Israel; Israel, Ach-Av Stern, Dr. Naphtali; Israel, Miz Stern, Mordechai; Israel, Progr Szczekacz, Cadoc; Belgium, Ihud Szwarc, Ojzer; France, Ach-Av Toronczyk, Wolf; France, Progr Tory, Abraham; Israel, Progr Wainer, Joseph; Israel, Miz Waintraub, Shmuel; Israel, Gen Z (N) Zackler, Dr. Jack; U.S.A., Ihud Zarfati, Abraham; Israel, Ach-Av

### II. MEMBERS OF THE 25TH ZIONIST CONGRESS WITHOUT VOTING RIGHTS

#### A. Members of the Zionist General Council \*\*

Ben-Zvi, Itzhak, President of the State of Israel; Virilist Abramov, Shneur Zalman: Gen Z Amith, Jacob; Mapam Aron, Roberto; Gen Z Arzi, Reuven; Mapam Austri-Dan, Dr. Yeshayahu; Mapam Bankover, Joseph; Ach-Av Baratz, Joseph; Virilist Bazak, Bezalel; Miz\* Ben-Ari, Iehuda; Her-Z Bergman, Rabbi Bernard; Miz Bernstein, Yeshayahu; Miz Beth Aryeh, David; Executive Bittman, Israel; Ihud Blumenfeld, Kurt; Virilist Bobrove, Isidore M.; Ihud Boger, Dr. Haim; Virilist Braginsky, Yehuda; Executive Bukspan, Dr. David; Her-Z Dobkin, Eliyahu; Executive Dultzin, Leon; Executive Dunsky, Israel; Gen Z Eliash, Mrs. Miriam; Miz\* Epstein, Samuel; Gen Z\* Eshkol, Levi; Executive Federbusch, Rabbi Dr. Simon, Virilist Finkelstein, Chaim; Ach-Av Frymer, Dr. Berl; Ihud Gelber, Edward E.; Gen Z Gelman, Leon; Virilist Gepstein, Shlomo; Virilist Ginossar, Mrs. Rosa; Wizo Golan, Yitzchak; Gen Z Goldman, Paul L.; Ach-Av Goldmann, Dr. Nachum, President of the World Zionist Organisation Goldstein, Dr. Israel; Executive Granott, Dr. Abraham; KKL

\* Deputy-Members participating instead of Members who have retired. Grossman, Meir; Executive Gruenbaum, Yitzchak; Virilist Gurvitch, Alexander; Her-Z\* Guvrin (Gruenbaum), Dr. Yeshayahu; Virilist Haendler, Arieh; Miz Haering, Siegmund; Ihud Hagler, Max; Miz Halpern, Dr. Georg; JCT Harpaz, Neta; Virilist Hartzfeld, Abraham; Virilist Hazan, Jacob; Mapam Hecht, Yitzchak; Miz Ilanit, Mrs. Feiga; Mapam\* Jaglom, Mrs. Raya; Wizo Jarblum, Marc; Ihud Joseph, Dr. Dov; Executive Kamini, Abraham; Ihud Kapra, Pinchas; Ihud Kirshblum, Rabbi Mordechai; Executive Kitron, Moshe: Ihud Klarman, Joseph; Her-Z Kol, Moshe; Executive Korn, Yitzchak; Ihud Kubowitzky, Yitzchak; Virilist Landy, Harry; Miz Levenberg, Dr. Shneur; Ihud Lewin, Leiser; Virilist Lewine, Dr. Harris J.; Gen Z Locker, Berl; Ihud Lookstein, Rabbi Joseph H.; Miz(1) Loubetkin, Mrs. Zivia; Ach-Av Lurie, Zvi; Executive Magid, Moshe Dov; Miz(2) Maimon, Rabbi Y. L.; Virilist

<sup>\*\*</sup> Members of the General Council who held mandates as Delegates during the entire Congress period figure in List No. I.

<sup>(1)</sup> Retired during Congress and was replaced by Cohen, Rabbi Bezalel\*.

<sup>(2)</sup> Retired during Congress and was replaced by Mindel, Barry\*.
Gen Z — World Confederations of General Zionists (Chairmen: Dr. Israel Goldstein, Mrs. Rose Halprin; Chairman: Dr. Emanuel Neumann).

Margoshes, Dr. Samuel; Virilist Marrus, Jacob; Miz Merom, Israel; Ihud Miron (Mirenburg), Shabetai; Virilist Monosson, Fred; Virilist Nahir, Aryeh; Virilist Namir, Mordechai; Ihud Narboni, André; Gen Z Nathani, Izhak; Mapam Nir, Dr. Nahum; Virilist Nurock, Rabbi Dr. Mordechai; Virilist Orfus, Jacques; Gen Z Pinkus, Arieh; Ihud Raphael, Yitzchak; Miz Reiss, Anselm; Ihud Remba, Aizik; Her-Z Repetur, Berl; Ach-Av Ritov, Israel; Ihud Rosen, Pinchas; Congress Attorney Rubinstein, David; Her-Z Sasson, Benjamin S.; Gen Z Schechtman, Dr. Joseph B.; Her-Z Scheffer, Zeev; Virilist Schenker, Abraham; Deputy-Member of the Executive Schwarzbart, Dr. Isaac I.: Virilist

Segal, Louis; Executive Shamir, Petachia; Her-Z Shapiro, Ezra Z.; Gen Z Shazar, Mrs. Rachel; Virilist Shazar, Zalman; Executive Shragai, S. Z.; Executive Shurer, Hayim; Ihud Sieff, Mrs. Rebecca; Wizo Simchonit, Mrs. Yehudit; Ihud Stern, Dr. Naphtali; Miz\* Stupp, Dr. Abraham; Gen Z Surchin, Mrs. Chaya; Ihud Syrkes, Dr. Daniel; Virilist Szichman, Shabetai; Her-Z Tabenkin, Yitzchak; Ach-Av Tartakover, Prof. Aryeh; Ihud Topiol, Meilich; Gen Z Tzur, Jacob; Executive Uri, Yaacov; Virilist Weinstein, Baruch; Gen Z Yaary, Meir; Mapam Yehuda, Zvi; Ihud Yezreeli, Joseph; Ihud Zakif, Shmuel; Virilist Zerubavel, Yaacov; Virilist

# B. THE CONTROLLER Rappaport, Shmuel

C. List of Wizo Delegates to the 25th Zionist Congress
Without Voting Rights

Ettlinger, Mrs. Charlotte Halff, Mrs. Bertie Kark, Mrs. Gertrud Kessler, Mrs. Hanna

#### D. ASSOCIATE MEMBERS

Berlinger, Salomo; Sweden, Scandinavisk-Judiska Ungdomsförbundet (S.J.U.F.) Bibring, Dr. Siegmund; Mexico, Comité Central Israelita de México Diner, Dr. Marcos; Argentina, Federación de Comunidades Israelitas Argentinas Fink, Rabbi Jaacov; Argentina, Federación de Comunidades Israelitas Argentinas Garmizo, Eliahu; Argentina, Federación de Comunidades Israelitas Argentinas Hirschberg, Dr. Alfred; Brazil, Confederação das Representativas Entidades da Coletividade Israelita do Brasil Kamenszajn, Dr. Tuvia; Argentina, Federación de Comunidades Israelitas Argentinas

Lasky, Runia; Mexico, Comité Central Israelita de México Pessah, Dr. Alberto; Argentina, Federación de Comunidades Israelitas Argentinas Shapira, Dr. Yosef; Uruguay; Comité Central Israelita del Uruguay Steinbruch, Dr. Aarão, M.P.; Brazil, Confederação das Representatives Entidades da Coletividade Israelita do Brasil Tedeschi, Dr. Uberto; Italy, Federazione Giovanile Ebraica d'Italia (F.G.E.I.) Teig, Jaime A.; Brazil, Confederação das Representativas Entidades da Coletividade Israelita do Brasil Weintraub, Dr. Emilio; Chile, Comité Representativo de la Colectividad Israelita de Chile

#### E. FRATERNAL DELEGATES

Ariel, Joseph; France, Conseil Représentatif des Juifs de France (CRIF) Bronfman, Samuel; Canada, Canadian Jewish Congress North America, World Jewish Congress Brotman, A. G.; England, Board of Deputies of British Jews Cohen, Rabbi Armond E.; U.S.A., Rabbinical Assembly-Organization of Conservative Rabbis De Sola Pool, Dr. Rabbi David; U.S.A., World Sephardi Federation Easterman, A. L.; England, World Jewish Congress Eisenstein, Rabbi Ira; U.S.A., Rabbinical Assembly-Organization of Conservative Rabbis Eliachar, Eliahu; Israel, World Sephardi Federation Fine, J. H., Q.C.; Canada, Canadian Jewish Congress Friedman, Max D.; Australia, Executive Council of Australian Jewry Gaon, Dr. S., The Haham; England, World Sephardi Federation Guggenheim, Dr. Georg; Switzerland, Schweizerischer Israelitischer Gemeindebund Horwitz, E. J.; South Africa, South African Jewish Board of Deputies Janner, Sir Barnett, M.P.; England, Board of Deputies of British Jews Kahn, Gaston; France, Conseil Représentatif des Juifs de France (CRIF) Katz, Label; U.S.A., B'nai Brith Levine, Alex; South Africa, South African Jewish Board of Deputies

Lipton, Marcus, M.P.; England, Board of Deputies of British Jews Mann, D. K.; South Africa, South African Jewish Board of Deputies Meyerowitz, D.; South Africa, South African Jewish Board of Deputies Moss, Ald. A., J.P.; England, Board of Deputies of British Jews Moyal, Dr. I.; Great Britain, World Sephardi Federation Noah, Isidore R.; Greece, Conseil Central des Communautés Juives de Grèce Ochert, M.; Australia, Executive Council of Australian Jewry Perlzweig, Dr. M. L.; U.S.A., World Jewish Congress Piperno, Dr. Sergio; Italy, Unione delle Comunità Israelitiche Italiane Polier, Shad; U.S.A., American Jewish Congress Reich, Dr. Josef; France, World Sephardi Federation Riegner, Dr. G. M.; Switzerland, World Jewish Congress Sandrow, Rabbi Edward T.; U.S.A. Rabbinical Assembly-Organization of Conservative Rabbis Schoolman, Dr. A. P.; U.S.A., American Association for Jewish Education Shitrit, Behor; Israel, World Sephardi Federation Strauss, Baruch; England, Board of Deputies of British Jews Tartakower, Prof. Arieh; Israel, World Jewish Congress Teff, Salomo; England, Board of Deputies of British Jews

#### III. LEGAL OFFICERS WHO ATTENDED CONGRESS \*\*

Deputy Chairmen of Congress Tribunal
Krongold, Hayim
Merez, Dr. David
Deputy Chairmen of Court of Honour
Shereshewsky, Judge Dr. B.
Ussishkin, Samuel
Deputy Congress Attorneys
Klementynovsky, H.
Lauterbach, Dr. L.
Members of Congress Tribunal
Bar-Rav-Hay, David
Kiebanoff, Jacob

Levinthal, Judge Louis E.
Miron, Eliahu
Rubin, Dr. Yochanan
Singer, Dr. Shmuel
Members of Court of Honour
Hausner, Gideon
Meridor, Eliahu
Shvo, Yitzchak
Sokal, Dr. Saul
Uziel, Baruch

<sup>\*\*</sup> Legal Officers who held mandates as Delegates during the entire Congress period figure in List No. I.

TABLE A

NUMBER OF SHEKALIM DISTRIBUTED PRIOR TO THE
25TH ZIONIST CONGRESS AND THE NUMBER OF
MANDATES ALLOCATED TO THE VARIOUS COUNTRIES\*

	Number of Shekalim	Number of Mandates
Country		
1. Algeria	10,210	6
2. Argentina	56,756	201
3. Australia	6,863	6
4. Austria	4,289	3
5. Barbados	38	
6. Belgium	7,846	5
7. Bolivia	917	7
8. Brazil	17,950	9
9. Canada	71,540	15
10. Chile	5,791	5 <sup>2</sup>
11. Colombia	1,996	2
12. Congo	<del></del> -	
13. Costa Rica	210	
14. Cuba	2,299	. 2
15. Curação	67	· -
16. Denmark	978	1 .
17. Ecuador	470	· 1
18. Ethiopia (Eritrea)	40	
19. Finland	532	1
20. France	35,114	14
21. Germany	4,248	. 2
22. Great Britain	63,390	19
23. Greece	1,670	1.5
24. Guatemala	313	-
25. Holland	2,452	4
26. India	1,512	1
27. Iran	9,600	5

<sup>\*</sup> Details on the allocation of mandates, see Introduction—Composition of the Congress, section. 2.

#### Notes:

- 1 Argentina—The Presidium of the Zionist General Council together with the Chairman of the Congress Tribunal allocated 20 Mandates, but the Congress Tribunal confirmed only 19.
- <sup>2</sup> Chile—The Presidium of the Zionist General Council together with the Chairman of the Congress Tribunal allocated 4 Mandates, but the Congress Tribunal increased their number to 5.
- ber to 5.

  Solution Congo—There was no Shekel Drive, no elections were held and no delegate from that country attended Congress.

Country	Number of Shekalim	Number of Mandates
28. Ireland	721	1
29. Israel	703,397	190
30. Italy	4,622	5
31. Jamaica	40	-
32. Luxemburg	100	<del>-</del> .
33. Mexico	9,039	6 з
34. New Zealand	307	1
35. Nicaragua	98	
36. Norway	141	
37. Panama	80	_
38. Peru	1,589	24
39. Philippines	131	_
40. Portugal	100	-
41. Salvador	140	
42. San Domingo	100	
43. South Africa (including		
Rhodesia and Kenya)	42,949	12
44. Sweden	1,638	3
45. Switzerland	5,872	4
46. Trinidad	43	_
47. United States of America	874,310	145
48. Uruguay	10,327	51
49. Venezuela	1,050	2
Total	1,963,885	500

<sup>4</sup> Mexico—The Presidium of the Zionist General Council together with the Chairman of the Congress Tribunal allocated 5 Mandates, but the Congress Tribunal increased the number to 6.

<sup>5</sup> Peru—The Presidium of the Zionist General Council together with the Chairman of the Congress Tribunal allocated one Mandate, but the Congress Tribunal increased the delegation of Peru to 2 Mandates.

<sup>6</sup> Uruguay—The Congress Tribunal, in accordance with a decision of the Zionist General Council, in its judgment of January 2, 1961, increased the number of the Mandates of Uruguay from 5 to 7.

TABLE B

RESULTS OF ELECTIONS ACCORDING TO ELECTION AREAS AS CONFIRMED BY THE CONGRESS TRIBUNAL\*

Election Area	World Union Poale Zion Hitachdut	World Confede- ration of General Zionists (Chairman: Dr. E. Neumann)	World Confederation of General Zionists (Chairmen: Mrs. R. Halprin & Dr. I. Goldstein)	World Union Mizrachi and Hapoel Hamizrachi	World Union of the Herut- Hatzohar Movement	World Union of Mapam	World Union of Achdut Ha'Avodah Poale Zion	Progressive Party in Israel	Miscella- neous and Unaffiliated	Total
	Votes Deleg.	Votes Deleg.	Votes Deleg.	Votes Deleg.	Votes Deleg.	Votes Deleg.	Votes Deleg.	Votes Deleg.	Votes Deleg.	Votes Deleg.
1 Israel	U.E. 84	U.E. 14		U.E. 22	U.E. 30	U.E. 15	U.E. 15	U.E. 10		U.E. 190
2 Algeria	<b>U.E.</b> 1		U.E. 2	U.E. 1		U.E. 1	U.E. 1			U.E. 6
3 Argentina	U.E. 8	U.E. 2	<b>U.E.</b> 2	U.E. 1	U.E. 1	<b>U.E.</b> 2	U.E. 3			U.E. <sup>1</sup> 19
4 Australia	<b>U.E.</b> 1	U.E. 2		<b>U.E.</b> 1	<b>U.E.</b> 1				U.E. 1 <sup>2</sup>	U.E. 6
5 Austria	300 1	283 1	193 —	357 1	204 —	139 —	<del>-</del> -			1,476 3
6 Belgium	1,284 2	—³ 1	391 —	3	— <sup>3</sup> 1	668 1	425 —		1,9093 —	4,547 5
7 Bolivia		351 1							127 4 —	478 1
8 Brazil	2,247 3	1,129 2	391 —	396 —	931 1	1,277 2	427 1			6,798 9
9 Canada	<b>U</b> .E. 4			U.E. 3	U.E. 1		U.E. 1		U.E. 65	U.E. 15
10 Chile	1,246 2	1,046 2	311 —		162 —	343 1				3,108 5
11 Colombia		10 —	100 —						296 <sup>6</sup> 1	829 2
									3337 —	
									89 8 — 1 9 —	
12 Cuba	175 1		138		173 —	210 1			1 " —	696 2
13 Denmark	1/3 1	134 —	136	24410 1	1/3	210 1				378 1
14 Ecuador				211 I					U.E. 1	U.E. 1
15 Finland					<u> </u>				U.E. 1	U.E. 1
16 France	U.E. 4	U.E. 2	U.E. <sup>11</sup> 2	U.E. 2	U.E. 1	U.E. 1	U.E. 1		U.E. 1 <sup>12</sup>	U.E. 14
17 Germany						<del>-</del> <del>-</del>	<del></del>		U.E. 2 <sup>13</sup>	U.E. 2
•										

18 Great Britair	2,941	7	316	_	4,862	11	102				526	1				8,747 19
19 Greece		_					_	_	-		· —	_			U.E. 1	U.E. 1
20 Holland	311	1		—	24814	1	274	1			_				20015 1	1,307 4
															11116	
															16317 —	
21 India	_		-	.—				_	_	_					U.E. 1	U.E. 1
22 Iran	U.E.	2	_	_			U.E.	2	_		_		U.E. 1			U.E. 5
23 Ireland		—						—			_				U.E. 1	U.E. 1
24 Italy	$\mathbf{U}.\mathbf{E}$	1			U.E.	1	U.E.	1	U.E.	1	U.E.	1				U.E. 5
25 Mexico	U.E.	1	U.E.	1	U.E.	1	U.E.	1	U.E.	1	U.E.	1				U.E. 6
26 New Zealand	ı —		_	_	_	<del></del>	_								U.E. 1	U.E. 1
27 Peru		_	U.E.	1											U.E. 1	U.E. 2
28 South Africa	U.E.	3	-		_		U.E.	1	U.E.	3	-				U.E. 518	U.E. 12
29 Sweden	U.E.	1	_		U.E.	1	U.E.	1	-		_	_				U.E. 3
30 Switzerland	U.E.	1	U.E.	1			U.E.	1	-		_	_			U.E. 1	U.E. 4
31 United State	s															
of America				3319		4121										
	U.E.	30	U.E.	320	U.E.	422	U.E.	19	U.E.	7	U.E.	5	U.E. 3			U.E. 145
32 Uruguay	U.E.	. I	U.E.	1	U.E.	1	U.E.	1	U.E.	1	U.E.	1	U.E. 1			U.E. <sup>23</sup> 7
33 Venezuela		_					_		_	_	_				U.E. 2	U.E. 2
Total		159		66		68		60		49		33	27	10	28	500

U.E.—Unopposed Elections (elections without polling).

<sup>\*</sup> The Table reflects the distribution of Mandates confirmed in the judgments of the Congress Tribunal. After the passing of those judgments, several changes took place in the Composition of the Congress: in particular, some Delegates who had been unaffiliated at the time of elections joined one of the Congress parties. The Composition of the Congress at the time of its conclusion is given in the Introduction, Section 7.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> After the reduction of the number of Mandates from 20 to 19, according to the decision of the Congress Tribunal of January 2, 1961. <sup>2</sup> Non-party Zionist Women. <sup>3</sup> General Zionists, Zionist Revisionists and the Mizrachi-Hapoel Hamizrachi submitted one joint list called "Block". <sup>4</sup> Independent General Zionists. <sup>5</sup> Zionist Organization of Canada. <sup>6</sup> Community of Barranquilla. <sup>7</sup> "Histadrut". <sup>8</sup> Zionist Union. <sup>9</sup> General Zionists—J. Fainboim. <sup>10</sup> The name of the list was "List A—H. Katznelson". <sup>11</sup> Two Mandates were allocated to three joint nomination lists: Independent Zionists (Progressives), "Darkeinu" and Club Sioniste. <sup>12</sup> Union of North African Jews. <sup>13</sup> United List of the Zionist Organization of Germany. <sup>14</sup> Independent Zionists. <sup>15</sup> List Dr. Weyel. <sup>16</sup> "Young Zionists". <sup>17</sup> List Dr. Elzas. <sup>18</sup> United Zionist Association of South Africa and Rhodesia. <sup>19</sup> Zionist Organization of America. <sup>20</sup> Bnai Zion. <sup>21</sup> Hadassah. <sup>22</sup> The American League for Israel. <sup>23</sup> After the increase of the number of Mandates from 5 to 7, according to the decision of the Zionist General Council.

TABLE C
ALLOCATION OF MANDATES ON THE BASIS OF WORLD ELECTION LISTS

				Remainir	ng Votes Acc	cruing to the	World Elec	tion Lists	
Election area	Number of votes cast	Number of Mandates	World Union	Confederation	World Confederation of General Zionists (Chairmen: Mrs. R. Halprin and Dr. I. Goldstein)		Hatzohar	World Union of Mapam	World Union of Achdut Ha'Avodah Poale Zion
Austria	1,476	3	—	<del></del>	0.682		0.721	0.491	
Belgium	4,547	5		_	0.391	0.1001	· —	_	0.635 2
Brazil	6,798	9	0.274		0.915	0.927	0.332	· —	_
Chile	3,108	5.	_	_	0.907	. <del></del>	0.472		
Colombia	829	2		0.034	0.338	**	\$ - ** · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u>.</u>
Cuba	696	2			0.789	_	0.988	_	
Denmark	378	1	_	0.354	_		_	· .	_
Great Britain	8,747	19	_	0.686	_	0.265	. <del></del>	0.143	_

		<del></del>	0.274	1.074	4.022	1.292	2.513	0.634	0.635
Total of Mandates confirmed by the	*.					1 1		***************************************	
Congress Tribunal*		*	1	2	4	2	3	1	2

#### Notes:

- \* In pursuance of the Resolution of the Zionist General Council of December 27, 1960, the mode of computation of the Remaining Votes (Section 13 of the Regulations concerning the World Election Lists) was amended as follows:
  - 1. Fractions amounting to at least half a mandate shall be regarded as a whole mandate in either of the following cases: a) the respective World Election List has not received one mandate; b) the fraction comes in addition to one or more mandates allocated to the respective World Election List.
  - 2. In election areas in which elections without polling have taken place but some mandates have not been distributed, fractions of the mandates which have not been distributed may be transferred to the World Election Lists with the consent of all National Nomination Lists.
  - 3. In order to compute the fractions for the World Election Lists, the Remaining Votes shall be divided not by the quotient resulting from the application of the System "N", but by the lowest number of votes for which one mandate was given to the country concerned, provided that the result of such computation is a fraction and not a number larger than one.

The Congress Tribunal decided in its session of January 2, 1961 to add all unused fractions of mandates and to allocate them to the World Election Lists of World Union Poale Zion Hitachdut, World Confederation of General Zionists (Chairman: Dr. E. Neumann), World Union Mizrachi and Hapoel Hamizrachi and World Union of Achdut Ha'Avodah Poale Zion, over and above the number due to them in accordance with Section 13 of the Regulations concerning the World Election Lists, amended as stated above.

- <sup>1</sup> The Remaining Votes of the "Block" were allotated to the World Election Lists of the World Union Mizrachi and Hapoel Hamizrachi,
- <sup>2</sup> With regard to the votes cast for the list of the World Union of Achdut Ha'Avodah Poale Zion, the Congress Tribunal decided to disregard an agreement concerning the joining of Nomination Lists and the provision of the Election Regulations that the Mandates should be allocated according to the System D'Hondt; it decreed to allot these votes to the World Election List of that Party.

### REPRESENTATIVES OF ASSOCIATED ORGANIZATIONS AND FRATERNAL DELEGATES

Country	Associated Organizations	Dist	I ributio <b>n</b>	raterna accordi	l Delegating to Or	es ganizati	ons	Total
Israel	<u> </u>	21	12	₹ <u></u> 2		- :		3
Argentina	58				1 <del>,</del> - 1		_	_
Australia	<u> </u>	24		_		_		2
Brazil	35	_	-	. —			·	<del></del>
Canada	. <del></del> .	26		· —				2
Chile	17			·	, <del>_</del> _	_ "		
France	· <del>.</del> .	28	11		· —		_	3
Great Britain		69	21	12	_			9
Greece	<del></del> ;	110	. —			!	*·-	1
Italy	111	112			j	_		1
Mexico	213		· ::	14		_ ;		_
South Africa	<u>·</u>	414	;		· <u></u> ,.	;		4
Sweden	115			_	_		.—	
Switzerland	· *	116	12	·		_ ;		2
United States	3							
of America	. —	317	11	12	118	119	120	8
Uruguay	121			· — ·		!		_
Total	14			_	<del>-</del>			35

#### Notes:

- <sup>1</sup> World Federation of Sephardi Jews.
- <sup>2</sup> World Jewish Congress.
- <sup>8</sup> Federation de Comunidades Israelitas Argentina.
- <sup>4</sup> Executive Council of Australian Jewry.
- <sup>5</sup> Confederação dos Representativas Entidades da Coletividade Israelita do Brasil.
- Canadian Jewish Congress.
- Comité Representativo de la Colectividad Israelita de Chile
- Conseil Représentatif des Juifs de France (CRIF).
   Board of Deputies of British Jews.
- 10 Conseil Central des Communautés Juives de Grèce.
- <sup>11</sup> Federazione Giovanile Ebraica d'Italia (F.G.E.I.) (Federation of Jewish Youth).
- <sup>12</sup> Unione delle Comunita Israelitiche Italiane.
- 13 Comité Centrale Israelita de México.
- 14 South African Jewish Board of Deputies.
- <sup>15</sup> Scandinavisk-Judiska Ungdomsförbundet (S.J.U.F.), (Organization of Jewish Youth).
- <sup>16</sup> Schweizerischer Israelitischer Gemeindebund.
- <sup>17</sup> Rabbinical Assembly-Organization of Conservative Rabbis.
- 18 National Council for Jewish Education.
- 19 Mr. Label Katz, President, Bnei Brith.
- <sup>20</sup> American Jewish Congress
- <sup>21</sup> Comité Central Israelita del Uruguay.

### TABLE E

### DISTRIBUTION OF MANDATES ACCORDING TO COUNTI

Election Are	a	World Union Poale Zion Hitachdut	World Confed. of General Zionists (Chairmen: Mrs. R. Halprin— Dr. I. Goldstein)	World Conjed. of General Zionists (Chairman: Dr.E.Neumann)	Mizrachi and Hapoel Hamizrachi
1. Israel		84		14	22
2. Algeria		1	-	<del></del>	1
3. Argenti	na	8	2	2	1
4. Austral	ia	1		2	1
5. Austria		1		1	1
6. Belgiun	n	2		1	1
7. Bolivia			*******	1	
8. Brazil		3		2	
9. Canada	ι	4	5		3
10. Chile		2		2	
11. Colomb	oia	1		1	
12. Cuba		1			
13. Denma	rk			-	1
14. Ecuado	r	We rough		1	
15. Finland	Ī			1	
16. France		4	1	2	3
17. German	ny	1		. 1	
18. Gt. Brit	tain	7	11	parallel de la compansa de la compansa de la compansa de la compansa de la compansa de la compansa de la compa	_
19. Greece			1		
20. Hollan	d	2	1		1
21. India			1	<del></del>	
22. Iran	·	3			1
23. Ireland	[				
24. Italy		1	1	pagesime	1
25. Mexico	•	1	1	1	1
26. New Z	ealand	<del></del> -		1	
27. Peru		1	******	1	
28. South	Africa	3	5		1
29. Sweder		1	1	<del></del>	1
30. Switzer	land	1		1	1
31. U.S.A.		30	45	36	19
32. Urugua		1	1	1	1
33. Venezu	· -	1	_	1	-
	Election Lists	1	4	2	2
35. Wizo				<b>—</b>	
Tot	a l	166	80		63

Notes: 1. For election results in the various countries, as confirmed by the Congress Tribunal, see table 2. WIZO had 4 delegates in an advisory capacity, in addition to 6 delegates with full rights.

### ) CONGRESS-PARTIES AT THE END OF THE CONGRESS

Union he Hatzo- vement	World Union of Mapam	World Union of Achdut Ha'avodah Poale Zion	Progressive Party		Wizo and Unaffili- ated	Total
0	15	15	10	er i de la compania		190
_	1	1	2			6
1	$\stackrel{ ag{2}}{2}$	3	*******			19
1	<del>-</del>				1	6
_		***********				3
_	1		******			5
	A.		******			1
1	2	1			-	9
1	<u>-</u>	1 .	-		1	15
_	1				-	5
_	*****					2
_	1	sarquemen				2
_	<u>-</u>	Print to the second				1
_	Mineral .	*******			·	1
_		<del>prisoners</del>	-		<u></u>	,
1	1	1	1		the real	14
_	*******	-	******			2
	1		Anarolomo			19
						1
					1	4
_	_					1
	_	1				9
•			-	200	1	1
1	1					5
1	1	<del></del>			<u></u>	6
		WHITE				1
	<del></del> .	manu.			<del>-</del> .	2
3	-	Account				12
					<u> </u>	3
-	1	Market .				4
7	5	3	. en monte		minus	145
1	1	1	***********		-	7
	<del></del> .					2
3	1	2			_	15
_			******		6	6
1	35	29	13		9	521

#### **ERRATA**

- Page 7 line 20—instead of :Mesir—read: Meir
- Page 15 List of Participants Without the Right to Vote: Number of Members of the Zionist General Council—instead of: 112—read 105; Total number—instead of: 153—read: 146
- Page 16 In the Table "Number of Participants in Recent Congresses": Number of Members of the Zionist General Council at the 25th Congress—instead of: 112—read:105; Total Number of Participants at the 25th Congress—instead of: 651—read: 644
- Page 25 Resolution 31, line 12—after: to existing needs—add: and for its extension as far as possible
- Page 34 Resolution 68, line 3 and 4 should read: with the Constitution of the World Zionist Organization and Resolution No. 66 of the Zionist General Council at its session in July 1957.
- Page 36 Resolution 74, last line—after: within the World Zionist Organization—insert: as Associate Members
- Page 40 Resolution 90, line 4—instead of: cooperation with—read: participation in
- Page 40 Resolution 91, line 3—instead of:cooperation—read: participation
- Page 42 Resolution 100, line 8—after: educational work—add: in the Diaspora.
- Page 43 Resolution 105, line 9—after: Jewish Youth—add: in the Diaspora.
- Page 44 Resolution 114, line 3—instead of: drive of Jewish Youth—read:
  drive for the sake of Jewish Youth
- Page 48 Resolution 129, heading—instead of: Certain Absorption Problems—read: The Absorption of Certain Categories of Immigrants
- Page 48 Resolution 129 line 6-after: the next-insert: session of the
- Page 50 Resolution 137, line 1 and 2—the Number 137 should be put before:
  Raising of 1,000 million dollars
- Page 51 Resolution 141, line 2—instead of: of the Keren Hayesod—read: to the Keren Hayesod
- Page 51 Before Resolution 143-insert the heading: Hakeren Hakayemet l'Israel
- Page 52 Resolution 147, line 2-instead of: wold-read world
- Page 53 Resolution 148, line 2—after: that insert: the Union of Jewish Communities in the Argentine and
- Page 55 Column 2,—Mr. Jacob Amit, Tel Aviv—read: Mr. Jacob Amit, Beth Zera
- Page 55 Column 2,—Mr. Jacob Hazan, Tel Aviv—read: Mr. Jacob Hazan, Mishmar Haemek
- Page 55 Column 2,—after Mr. Shlomo Rozen insert Mr. Meir Yaari, Merchavia
- Page 56 Column 1,—Mrs. Bert Goldstein, New York—read: Mrs. Bert Goldstein, Jerusalem
- Page 57 Column 1,—instead of: Harry Cynowitz read: Zvi Cynowicz
- Page 57 Column 2,—Mr. Nathaniel Rothenberg, Peoria—read: Mr. Nathaniel Rothenberg, New York
- Page 58 Column 2,—instead of: Mrs. Numa Eisenzweig—read: Mr. Numa Eisenzweig
- Page 58 Column 2,—instead of: Mr. Jacob Menelsohn—read: Mr. Jacob Mendelsohn